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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

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VOLUME XXIX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1895. NUMBER 21.

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FOR THE YEAR 1895.

	Class.	License.
Penn Traffic Company	1	200 25
Quirk, Stephen	14	7 25
Rutledge, J. D.	14	7 25
Ryan, John C.	13	10 25
Shaw, S. J.	14	7 25
Statler, Charles H.	14	7 25
Smith & Brenneman	10	20 25
Wisegarver, S. C.	14	7 25
Zayden, George	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Third Ward.*		
Armour & Co.	7	40 75
Bantley, Herman	12	12 75
Burggraf, A. W.	14	7 45
Buchanan, George T.	13	10 25
Bostert, Gustave	13	10 25
Cohen, L.	14	7 25
Danges, A. & Co.	14	7 25
Fenn Bros.	13	10 25
Farmers' Supply Company	10	20 25
Fisher, Jacob	14	7 25
Fritz, C. A.	14	7 25
Fockler, Mrs. L.	14	7 25
Grosch & Long	14	7 25
George & Chapple	14	7 25
Griffith, Charles	14	7 25
Great Eastern Clothing Company	13	10 25
Henderson Furniture Company	11	15 25
Horan, W. A.	14	7 25
Johnstown Loan & Furnishing Co.	14	7 25
Klug & Hornick	13	10 25
Kredel & Farrell	14	7 25
Kraft, W. A.	14	7 25
Katzenstine, Jacob	13	10 25
Kline, W. B. & Son	9	25 25
Love, Sunshine & Co.	5	60 25
Loebrich, H. C.	13	10 25
Leuther, C. O.	14	7 25
Lenhart, Samuel	14	7 25
Lockhardt, A. W.	11	15 25
Louther, W. C.	13	10 25
Lorentz, E. C.	14	7 25
Murdock, J. M. & Bro.	13	10 25
Maloy, F. S.	14	7 25
McCrory, J. C.	14	7 25
Muehlhauser, George	14	7 25
New York Cash Grocery Co.	12	12 75
Nathan, M. & Bro.	11	15 25
Olmstead, Daniel	14	7 25
Phillips, S. E.	14	7 25
Quinn, James	8	30 25
Ramp, James	13	10 25
Ruth, Charles S.	13	10 25
Saly & Lucas	13	10 25
Swing, Joseph	14	7 25
Stern Bros.	11	15 25
Suchman, Julius	14	7 25
Saul, Max	14	7 25
Slater, J. M.	14	7 25
Stenger, John	12	12 75
Thomas, H. H.	14	7 25
Tice, S. S.	14	7 25
Thomas, George M.	13	10 75
Updegrave, William	14	7 25
Viering, Henry	13	10 25
Wolf, William	14	7 25
Wehn, Louis & Son	13	10 25
Williams, Herman B.	14	7 25
Zipf, William	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Fourth Ward.*		
Campbell, C. G.	14	7 25
Cohen, A. & Bro.	11	15 25
Dibert, Scott	11	15 25
Dibert, W. B.	13	12 75
Devlin, F. J.	12	12 75
Davis, Charles	14	7 25
Fondalier, L. A.	14	7 25
Foster, Andrew	9	25 25
Greer, D. F.	13	10 25
George, Solomon	14	7 25
Hay, F. W. & Sons	13	10 25
Haning & Bro.	14	7 25
Heffly, H. B.	14	7 25
Hoffman, Gottlieb	14	7 25
Hohmann Bros.	14	7 25
Jordan & Hinchman	8	30 25
Joy, F. A. & Son	14	7 25
Janowitz, H.	14	7 25
Kramer Bros.	13	10 25
Larkin & Piper	14	7 25
McCrory, J. G.	11	15 25
Morss, C. L.	14	7 25
Marx, I.	12	12 75
Moses, J. W.	12	12 75
Monroe, W. A.	14	7 25
Rondabush, B.	13	10 25
Rugh & Eppley	14	7 25
Swank, N. B.	11	15 25
Swank Hardware Company	7	40 25
Sproul, J. R.	14	7 25
Showe, George	14	7 25
Sehry, C. B.	11	15 25
Simon, C.	12	12 75
Thomas, John & Sons	4	80 25
Woolf, L. M.	7	40 25
Waters, John H. & Bro.	11	15 25
Young, Charles	14	7 25
Zang, E.	13	10 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Fifth Ward.*		
Adams, W. A.	14	7 25
Brehm, Frederick	14	7 25
Cover, C. B.	14	7 25
Foust, L. J.	14	7 25
Fockler, George	14	7 25
Kieffer, C. H. & Co.	14	7 25
Lawrence, P. M.	13	10 25
Levergood, J. M.	14	7 25
Shryock, G. K.	14	7 75
Strauss, William	14	7 25
Stutzman, A. F.	14	7 25
Smith, George W.	14	7 25
Taney, J. M. & Co.	14	7 25
Witt & Rankin	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Sixth Ward.*		
Brinker, F. H.	14	7 25
Bratton, G. W.	14	7 25
Decker, John H.	13	10 25
Kuntz, W. J.	14	7 25
McGarry, George	14	7 25
Kullman, Louis	14	7 25
Stremmell, William	14	7 25
Twross, William	14	7 25
Wissinger & Wissinger	14	7 25
Wilson, Con. W.	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Seventh Ward.*		
Boyer, Henry	14	7 25
Barrick, W. R.	13	10 25
Hummell, John	14	7 25
Marshall Planing Mill Company	13	10 25
Ott, David	13	10 25
Petrikin, A. B.	14	7 25
Ream, S. C.	12	12 75
Rose, Jacob H.	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Eighth Ward.*		
Baer, R. L.	14	7 25
Naugle, Louis	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Ninth Ward.*		
Bingle, C. L.	14	7 25
Daily, J. P.	14	7 25
Hudson, G. M.	14	7 25
Morgan, Thos. D.	14	7 25
Nenstiel, Henry	14	7 25
Riefel, Joseph	14	7 25
Sandmair, Philip	14	7 25
Widman, John	11	15 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Tenth Ward.*		
Quinn, M. D.	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Eleventh Ward.*		
Partch & Bittman	14	7 25
Rowland, Jefferson	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Twelfth Ward.*		
Flynn, James	14	7 75
JOHNSTOWN. *Thirteenth Ward.*		
Buchanan, George E.	14	7 25
Coldren, L. C.	14	7 25
Reed, Ralph	14	7 25
Union News Company	14	7 75
JOHNSTOWN. *Fourteenth Ward.*		
Connelly, P.	13	10 25
Conway, John	14	7 25
Loughry, F. C.	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Fifteenth Ward.*		
Abraham, Anthony	14	7 25
Bonyan, George	14	7 25
Boyle, Patrick	14	7 25
Clark, P. F.	14	7 25
Fisch, Martin	14	7 25
Greene, J. P.	14	7 25
Hessler, Theodore & Co.	14	7 25
Holtzman, C.	13	10 25
Kram, Abraham & Co.	14	7 25
Salem, Abraham	14	7 25
Sibel, L. A.	14	7 25
Stibich & Co.	11	15 25
Wohl, M.	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Sixteenth Ward.*		
Dowling, John	14	7 25
Fehse, William	14	7 25
Gaffney, James	14	7 25
Gelfund, David	14	7 25
Jarnall, J. A.	14	7 25
Lefikawitz, Morris	13	10 50
McAtear, Owen	14	7 25
Schiffaur, John	14	7 25
Scholtz & Pezold	14	7 25
Toner, Peter	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Seventeenth Ward.*		
Cypher, G. M.	14	7 25
Cypher, D. H.	14	7 25
Cochran, W. A.	14	7 25
Donnelly, A.	14	7 25
Dunham, Samuel	14	7 25
DeFrance, H. T.	14	7 25
Glenn, G. B.	14	7 25
Heinze, H. M.	14	7 25
Hamp, John	14	7 25
McAllister, Alonzo	14	7 25
Prugh, W. A.	14	7 25
Shields, James	14	7 25
Otto, N. E.	14	7 25
Wagner & Specht	14	7 25
Young, M.	14	7 25
LILLY BOROUGH.		
Armitage, T. L.	14	7 25
Bender, R. J.	14	7 25
Conrad, John	14	7 25
Davis, E.	14	7 25
Edwards, Edward	14	7 25
George, Fletcher C.	13	10 25
George, Mrs. R. C.	14	7 25
Krebbs, A. B.	14	7 25
Leaghey, Mrs. Mary B.	14	7 25
Keap, L. & Co.	14	7 25
Lilly Supply Company	14	7 25
Leahy & Co.	14	7 25
McIntosh, G. F.	14	7 25
Mullen, J. B.	12	12 75
Kainey, Joseph	14	7 25
LORETTO BOROUGH.		
Litzinger, B. W.	14	7 25
McAteer, A. W.	14	7 25
Shields, J. E.	14	7 25
Wills, J. F. & Son	14	7 25
MORRELLVILLE BOROUGH.		
Anderson, Harry	13	10 25
Albrecht, Jacob	14	7 25
Bonner, M.	14	7 75
Barron & Walter	13	10 25
Craig, F. J.	14	7 25
Dunmire, H. J.	14	7 25
Esterly, John	14	7 25
Farrell & Kredell	14	7 25
Grady, Maurice	14	7 25
Gates, Gilbert	14	7 25
Loughry & Galbraity	13	10 25
McClain & Heeter	14	7 25
Newman, F. E.	14	7 25
Robertson, W. G. S.	14	7 25
Seth, J. F.	14	7 25
Saly, Peter	14	7 25
Shinefelt & Nipp	14	7 25
Von Alt, J. H.	14	7 25
Willett, William	14	7 25
Young, D. W.	14	7 25
MUNSTER TOWNSHIP.		
Eberly, Henry	14	7 75
PATTON BOROUGH.		
Bell, L. S.	14	7 25
Royce, Samuel	14	7 25
Buck, H. S.	14	7 25
Cambria Hardware Company	14	7 25
Cornelius, J. R.	14	7 25
Feder, Joseph	14	7 25
Good, George S.	9	25 25
Gagliardi, John	14	7 25
Hodgkins, C. W.	14	7 25
Lincoln & McNeal	14	7 25
Murkin & Kusner	14	7 25
Patton Supply Company	13	10 25
Severn, E. J.	14	7 25
Thomas, A. M.	14	7 25
Weakland, Walter	14	7 25
Wolf & Thompson	14	7 25
Wholerlagle, Mrs. Eva C.	14	7 25
Yahner, John	14	7 25
PORTAGE BOROUGH.		
Goldstine, A. B. & H. S.	13	10 25
Haupt, L. A. & Co.	13	10 25
Moody, William H.	14	7 25
Pringle, M. A.	14	7 25
Wilson, J. E. & Co.	13	10 25
Koung, F. B. & Co.	14	7 25
PORTAGE TOWNSHIP.		
Conler, W. S.	14	7 25
Piper, M. K. & Co.	13	10 25
States, George W.	13	10 25
Wilkinson, Thomas	14	7 25
READE TOWNSHIP.		
Bowers, R. E.	14	7 25
Bland, Fred	14	7 25
Eldorado Coal Company	14	7 25
Frick, Max	13	10 25
Fries & Schmithe	13	10 25
Glasgow, J. H.	14	7 25
Glasgow, G. L.	14	7 25
Keystone Merchandise Company	9	25 25
Kuhn, E.	14	7 25
Kuhn, G. B.	14	7 25
Troxell, C. E.	14	7 25
Union Supply Company	14	7 25
Willhide, A. R.	14	7 25
ROSEDALE BOROUGH.		
Eppley, L. & A. W.	14	7 25
RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.		
Haughton, James	14	7 25
ROXBURY BOROUGH.		
Hillegas, S. J.	14	7 25
STONYCREEK TOWNSHIP.		
Excelsior Store	14	7 25
SOUTH FORK BOROUGH.		
Buck, A. C. & Co.	14	7 25
Goldstine, I.	13	10 25
George, N. S. & Son	14	7 25
Grambling, E. S.	13	10 25
Gates, George E.	14	7 25
Kauffman, J.	14	7 25
Lukens, Haupt & Co.	13	10 25
Murphy, Noah	14	7 25
Mandelstine, I.	14	7 25
Pringle, A. A.	14	7 25
Strong, A. D.	14	7 25
Stineman Bros.	12	12 75
South Fork Supply Company	14	7 25
Treece, S. W.	13	10 25
Wicks, John S.	14	7 25
Wilt, T. J.	14	7 25
SPANGLER BOROUGH.		
Anderson, H. M. & A.	14	7 25
Binder, E. M.	14	7 25
Cushing, A. B.	14	7 25
Eger, Henry	14	7 25
Girard, C.	14	7 25
Liddle, W. H.	14	7 25
McGowan, H. J.	14	7 25
McNeelis, James	14	7 25
McGarvey, R. H.	14	7 25
McClain & Co.	13	10 25
Mogolis, J. & Co.	14	7 25
Spangler Hardware Company	14	7 25
Wayne, M.	13	10 25
SUMMERHILL BOROUGH.		
Dimond, M. C.	14	7 25
McCall, Patrick	14	7 25
Plummer, Wallace	14	7 25
Werner, Anthony	14	7 25
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.		
Bensereek Supply Company	14	7 25
Leap, Martin	14	7 25
WILMORE BOROUGH.		
Brown, P. M.	14	7 25
Kirby, P. F.	14	7 25
Robertson, W. H. & Son	14	7 25
Sherbine, Wallace	14	7 25
Wentroth, George	14	7 25
YODER TOWNSHIP (LOWER).		
Habbich & Hudach	14	7 25
Kisslake, M.	14	7 25
YODER TOWNSHIP (UPPER).		
McKee, C. W.	14	7 25

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

	No. of Tables.	License.
EBENSBURG BOROUGH.		
Brown, P. F.	1	30 25
Denny, J. B.	3	50 25
GALLITZIN BOROUGH.		
Campbell, John	1	30 25
HASTINGS BOROUGH.		
Foust, G. B. M.	2	40 25
Kline, F. J.	3	50 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Third Ward.*		
Hamm, C. B.	7	90 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Fourth Ward.*		
Morss, C. L.	4	60 25
Wier, F. P.	6	80 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Seventeenth Ward.*		
Burgdorf, Frederick	2	40 25
LILLY BOROUGH.		
Haley, John	1	30 75
Short, Vincent	1	30 25
MORRELLVILLE BOROUGH.		
Young, Albert	3	50 25
PATTON BOROUGH.		
Green, George	3	50 75
Straniff, W. W.	2	40 25
SOUTH FORK BOROUGH.		
Dimond, William	1	30 75
Hutzel, Charles	1	30 75
Hamilton, John	1	30 75
Murphy, Noah	1	30 25
SPANGLER BOROUGH.		
Merthers, James	1	30 25
Rodkey, I. N.	2	40 75

BROKERS.

	Class.	License.
JOHNSTOWN. *First Ward.*		
Brown & Otto	13	10 25
Clark, F. W.	14	7 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Third Ward.*		
Blauch, D. D.	13	10 25

EATING HOUSES.

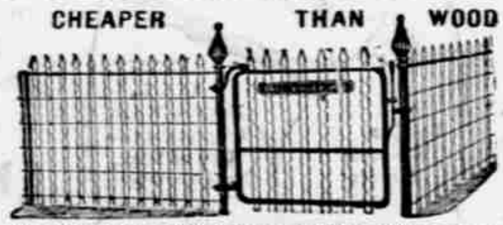
	Class.	License.
EAST CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.		
Wright, William D.	8	5 25
HASTINGS BOROUGH.		
Foust, G. B. M.	8	5 22
JOHNSTOWN. *Second Ward.*		
Conrad, Michael	8	5 25
JOHNSTOWN. *Third Ward.*		
Carpenter, George B.	7	10 25
McCaffrey, F. H.	8	5 75
Mussante, Charles	8	5 25
SOUTH FORK BOROUGH.		
Stineman, W. H.	8	5 25

An APPEAL will be held **Tuesday and Wednesday, June 4 and 5, 1895,** at the COURT HOUSE, EBENSBURG, where all interested can attend.

J. S. ASHBRIDGE,
Mercantile Appraiser.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD



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SUNKEN SHIPS.

American Gunboats That Went Down Forever.

Brief Review of Naval Losses During Century — Famous Men-of-War That Have Mysteriously Disappeared from View.

Since the last great storm swept across the Atlantic it has become reasonably certain that more than one vessel has been swallowed up in the waves. In some instances the fate of the lost vessels has been learned from the wreckage seen by passing ships; but it has happened, many times since men first began to go down into the deep in ships, that an apparently stout stanch vessel has set sail gayly from port only to vanish as completely as if her voyage had been outside of the solar system. Even the American navy has suffered such losses, that are to-day and perhaps always will be an unsolved mystery.

The first important loss of this kind, says the Boston Advertiser, was the eighteen-gun man-of-war Saratoga, one of the few ships that composed the American navy 116 years ago. The loss of the Saratoga was in itself a story that might well attract the notice of a writer of fiction, as it occurred at the close of what promised to be a signally successful cruise. The Saratoga sailed from Philadelphia early in the autumn of 1780, and in October captured three vessels bound from Jamaica to New York. Returning toward Philadelphia with her prizes the Saratoga sighted the British man-of-war Intrepid, and being clearly out-matched escaped by putting off to the east. Her prizes were recaptured by the British, and she herself disappeared utterly from human ken.

Just about twenty years later the United States frigate Insurgent, carrying thirty-six guns, sailed from the Chesapeake Capes under orders to cruise between longitudes sixty-six degrees and sixty-eight degrees west and to go no farther south than thirty degrees north. It is probably within that very tract of the ocean that the Saratoga was lost, and it was regarded as significant by some of the old salts of the American navy at the beginning of the present century that the Insurgent, too, sailed off into the list of ships whose faith no man knows. For all one can say to the contrary the Insurgent and the Saratoga lie side by side off the Chesapeake Capes.

In the same year, the only year in which two of the American men-of-war mysteriously disappeared, the fourteen-gun brig Pickering was ordered to Guadeloupe to cruise along the coast there. In September, 1800, a heavy gale swept the ocean, and it was generally believed at the time that the Insurgent and the Pickering went down at about the same time and in practically the same storm. The Pickering was not a very seaworthy vessel when equipped with guns, and there is little question that she foundered during a gale, although there is of course no certainty as to her fate.

When in 1805 the United States decided to send ten gunboats to help in the war against Tripoli one of these vessels, known as "Gunboat No. 7," met with a mishap after leaving port and was forced to put back again. Perhaps if Lieut. James Lawrence, who commanded "Gunboat No. 6," had been assigned to the unlucky "No. 7," which Lieut. Ogelvie commanded, American naval history might have been different. As it was "No. 6" arrived safely, and Lawrence lived to defeat the Peacock and to fight the Shannon; but Lieut. Ogelvie's gunboat went forth again after repairs and sailed into the mysterious waters of the unknown, and another "missing" ship was entered on the navy's rolls.

The most famous of all the missing ships of the American navy was the Wasp. In its brief history it had a brilliant record, having within a period of five months taken fifteen vessels, valued at more than two hundred thousand dollars. Its prowess as a terror of the seas was so remarkable that its name had grown to be a menace to British merchantmen. Late in the year 1814, less than six months after she had left the Portsmouth navy yard for her career of victory, the Wasp disappeared completely. Perhaps some damage received in an encounter with the enemy had weakened the sloop's timbers so that she fell an easy prey to wind and water; but, whatever happened, she left no trace.

The last American man-of-war to vanish was the brig Epervier, which sailed from Decatur's fleet to the United States to bear the treaty made with the Dey of Algiers. July 12, 1815, the Epervier was last seen near the strait of Gibraltar. Since that time she, too, has joined the fleet of the missing. Where the vessels of that fleet lie and what became of the crews are matters that may never be known until the judgment day; but perhaps chance may yet throw some light on the question. In the meantime the theme is one that may well invite the attention of the imaginative novelist.

THE POWDER PLAY.

A Picturesque Game of the Horsemen of Morocco.

A dozen or so horses are drawn up into line at one end of the plain, the riders, by means of bit and stirrup, working their animals into a ferment of excitement. Then, at a given signal, the long-barreled guns are waved in the air, and the troop sets forward at little more than a walk, which increases as they proceed, waving their guns and saluting the while, until it becomes a furious gallop.

Suddenly, says Blackwood's Magazine, the weapons are brought to the shoulder, held with both hands, the elbows raised to the level of their shoulders, and the next moment the little troop of horsemen is lost to sight, enveloped in the clouds of white smoke which the flint-lock guns and inferior native powder produce, only to issue again in their showy trappings, reining in their horses with all the strength of their iron wrists, until the poor beasts, often with bleeding mouths, are brought to a standstill.

The lab-el-barond, as the natives call it, admits of but little variation when performed in numbers; but this is not always the case, and at times one man alone will go through the maneuver, introducing some new system of his own—lying back in the saddle and firing behind him, for instance, or under his horse's belly.

HYPNOTISM IN COURT.

They Use It in Their Intrigues—Learned Men Pronounce Opinions.

An interesting case was recently brought before the criminal court of Munich. A Polish adventurer named Luberz-Czyuski had appeared in Dresden as a professional hypnotizer. Dresden has many rich people who have nothing special to keep them employed, and the man with the unpronounceable name found plenty of faithful followers. Among these was a lady of good family, beautiful and rich. The "professor" declared his love to her, she accepted him, and there under ordinary circumstances would have been an end to the matter. Unfortunately, however, Czyuski had already a wife, and he tried to get out of the difficulty by a sham marriage, asking his new spouse to keep their union secret. But the high-born lady's relatives got wind of the affair and had the adventurer arrested, accusing him of having hypnotized his victim. Half a dozen learned men, says the Echo, Berlin, were summoned from as many universities to decide whether it was possible to influence a person to such an extent that all resistance is impossible. The jury failed to be convinced that such is the case. The charge against Czyuski, of having made the lady subservient to him without her consent, was dismissed, but he was convicted of disorderly conduct and of criminal acts against the public morality and sentenced to three years' imprisonment, with five years' loss of civic honors. The Nation, Berlin, says: "I do not believe that hypnotic influence is irresistible. When we see the exhibitions of professional hypnotizers we are led to think that they command obedience. If a hypnotized person is told: 'You are a dog,' he will begin to bark and crawl on all fours. But I believe that all such people are only somewhat stupid individuals who follow no other influence than the wish to appear interesting or to please—for some reason or other—the hypnotizer. I have often discovered proofs of this. One man, for instance, was told that in a certain place there was a wall too high for him to jump over. He went to this place and began to jump, but he always jumped—backward! None of the great scientists who interest themselves in hypnotism have ever declared that they themselves could be influenced. It is impossible with a person feeling his responsibility, and neither judge nor jury could be influenced."

THE HABIT OF NAIL-BITING.

It Is a Mark of Degeneration of the Nervous System.

There has just been issued from the Paris press a brochure which is creating a large amount of interest in French medical circles, both on account of its originality and the experimental results which it embodies. It is from the pen of Dr. Edgar Berillon, so well known in the surgical world by reason of his prominent connection with the dead Charcot in the latter's hypnotic experiments, and at present Secretarie General de la Societe d'Hypnologie et de Psychologie of Paris and medical inspector of the state lunatic asylums. The work is a scientific treatise on onycophagie, or fingernail biting, and contains the results of a series of observations in the public and private schools of France, and extending through a period of more than seven years. At the congress of the French Association for the Advancement of Sciences, held at Nancy in 1886, Berillon first announced his observations on the habit of nail-biting, and since that time has been in almost continuous experiment.

In his thoroughly scientific treatment of what the world has never before considered worthy of prolonged or special study Berillon has arrived at results really remarkable. His experiments lead him to pronounce the habit far more widespread and pernicious than others promptly treated, and force him to conclude that, if not a disease itself, it is an unfailing mark of incipient degeneration of the nervous system, which, unrecognized, may be productive of the most evil results.

HOW HE WAS ACCEPTED.

Here Indeed Is a New Way to Win a Woman.

The New Orleans Picayune has this interesting story of two literary celebrities in a recent issue: The late Prof. Aytoun was uncommonly diffident when making proposals of marriage to Miss Jane Emily Wilson, who afterward became his wife. The lady reminded him that before she should give her absolute consent it would be necessary to obtain her father's approval.

"You must speak for me," said the suitor, "for I could not summon courage to speak to the professor on the subject."

"Papa is in the library," said the lady.

"Then you had better go to him," said the suitor, "and I will wait your return."

The lady proceeded to the library, and taking her father affectionately by the hand mentioned that the professor had asked her hand in marriage. She added: "Shall I accept his offer, papa? He is so diffident that he won't speak to you about it himself."

"Then we must deal tenderly with his feelings," said the hearty old Christopher. "I'll write my reply on a slip of paper and pin it to your back."

"Papa's answer is on the back of my dress," said Miss Jane, as she entered the drawing-room. Turning around the delighted suitor read these words: "With the author's compliments."

Plenty of Big Game.

For an old settled state Arkansas has more game than any other. On the St. Francis river, where the canebrakes are tall and dense, the country seems alive with deer and bear. They have a peculiar way of hunting in these brakes. They keep dogs and horses specially trained for it. The dogs, perhaps twenty or thirty, are put in the brake, and the horses are trained to follow the dogs, and that is what they will do at all hazard. As soon as the dogs take a trail and begin to bay the horses strike out pell mell through woods, and brake, and swamp, jumping everything in their course, and plunging in a way that would terrify an English fox hunter. The rider has nothing to do, and that is sometimes more than enough, but to hold his seat. He must keep close to the dogs, for when the bear is brought to his hind legs there is danger of losing three or four of the valuable animals before the beast is killed.

DEATH OF A FAMOUS GANDER.

He Was a Decoy Fowl Noted for the Success of His Methods.

The sad news of the death of old "Mingo" has come to the gunners along the line of the Old Colony road, and if he was only a gander he had a host of friends, says the Boston Globe. He has been at Widgeon point at the lake now for more than thirty years and was one of the wisest and most deceptive birds that ever decoyed the northern wanderer from his journey to the guns of the sportsmen.

Old Mingo gained his name many years ago from the remark of one of the gunners who was shooting over him. It was about the time of the bloody revolution in San Domingo. The old chap was struck by a stray shot, and the gunner picked him up and took him into the pen with all the solicitude of a true sportsman. There was blood on the gunner's hands and tears in his eyes, and from that day the old chap was called Mingo, named after the island on which so much blood was being spilt.

When the other decoys were unable to entice the northern strangers from their course, old Mingo was tried, and he seldom if ever failed of attracting their attention and gaining their good will, for the time being at least. Whether he had a peculiar tone to his voice or whether he was a professional "masher" will never be known, but his record was second to none along the shores of that sportsmen's paradise, and the gunners had all the game they wanted if Mingo could catch the attention of the geese.

After his long and faithful service old Mingo seemed to know just how to work and when to put in his very best efforts. His ideas of enticing the geese seemed based on principles which were on a good foundation. He seldom failed, and the old fellow has made money for his owners and lots of sport for the best gunners in the county. If there was a tenderfoot in the shooting camp he was cautioned to look out and not hit Mingo, but he at last fell a victim to the gun of an amateur who was somewhat excited.

Mingo was owned by Thomas Arnold, of North Abington, and Mr. Arnold says that if a man should have offered him two hundred dollars for the bird it would have been no temptation to him. Mingo was just what he wanted, and the most knowing bird in the county. The gunners gave Mingo a Christian burial, and he now rests in a grave dug for him near his happy hunting ground.

DOGS IN CLOTHES.

In Paris the Best Dogs Actually Carry Umbrellas.

No matter what the dress may be, the indispensable companion of the woman who walks is her little dog. Short-haired terrier or long-haired toy, it is of no moment, provided that it be very tiny.

At the moment it is, perhaps, the terrier which is the most popular, as he furnishes a further excuse for the exhibition of fur in that his smooth coat does not appear to his kind hearted mistress a sufficient protection from the cold of this season of the year.

So the little dog has his tailor as well as his owner, and Ledouble, of the Palais Royal, may be called the Worth of the kennel. With garments of velvet, trimmed with fur, or of cloth strap-stitched and embroidered, the clothing of the little creature harmonizes with that of his possessor.

Some ladies provide mackintoshes for their pets for rainy days, and have them made with a full hood, which covers the ears. Others there are who choose tartan, having points turned back at the shoulders and fastened with a strap around the body. For those believed to be particularly chilly, the coats are provided with collars of quite Medici style, and are lined throughout with Astrakhan, nutria, or even beaver, as these short furs are not too cumbrous for the petted animals.

There are some which actually have umbrellas of dark blue silk, which they have been taught to carry quite straight and steadily between their teeth in the event of a sudden shower.

They are also provided with handkerchiefs in cases of accidents, a tiny pocket in which to carry these being placed on one side of the coat.

These handkerchiefs, adds the Paris correspondent of the London Daily Graphic, are found useful when madame stops a few minutes at the confectioner's, and can wipe her pet's nose and paws after his share in the delicacies she buys.

CONNECTICUT'S GYPSY PRINCE.

He Makes Regular Horse Trading Tours of the Country.

For over forty years a family of gypsies have been residents of this state. At the present time one of them claims to be the head of the gypsies in this country, says a Bridgeport correspondent of the New York Sun. He is Prince William and lives with his family near East Hartford. The East Hartford branch is the main branch of the family. All the male members of the family are born horse traders and are known all over New England as upright and honest business men. Attached to their residence at East Hartford are stables which in winter are always filled with choice horses. One of the interesting sights at the barn are the wagons in which Prince William and family go off on their annual trips. These wagons cost from one thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars each.

There are branches of the family in New Haven and also in this city, and when one of these trips about the country takes place the other branches join it. The trips are usually begun about the 1st of August and sometimes extend into the winter months, the family traveling in the south when cold weather arrives in New England. The family lately returned from a trip which was begun last August. On these trips spare horses are taken along to trade. This means a cavalcade of a dozen gorgeous wagons and about one hundred horses. The entire family, men, women and children, go along. The party keep together, traveling by easy stages, about twenty miles a day being considered a good journey. When hurried they can make forty miles a day. The place selected for the night's resting-place is usually a grove. There the wagons are drawn up in a circle, the fires lighted and supper prepared. After the evening meal the entire family gather around Prince William's tent or wagon and the affairs of the family are discussed. A watchman patrols the camp all night to guard the horses.

RICHEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

Elim Demidoff, a Russian Whose Wealth Is of Recent Creation.

Like the English millionaires, those of the czar's dominions mostly derive their revenues from landed property. While the Briton, however, devotes a large part of his gross income toward improving his possessions and to the amelioration of the lot of his tenants in one way or another, the Russian, on the other hand, extracts every farthing that he can from his property and spends it upon himself, the result being that agriculture in Russia is going from bad to worse, that formerly fertile and productive estates have now become barren and impoverished, and that, while the peasantry are in a state of misery bordering on famine, the nobles themselves have been obliged to mortgage or sell their lands, and are at the end of their financial tether. Of course, there are some exceptions, such as, for instance, the Yousoupoffs, the Demidoffs and the Scheremetieffs. The wealth of the Demidoffs is so vast, according to the New York Tribune, that it is beyond calculation, and strangely enough the fortune is of relatively recent creation, its founder having been a country blacksmith in the days of Peter the Great. It was while traveling in the Ural mountains that the latter broke one of his most valuable English pistols. A village smith mended it so quickly and so well that the czar was delighted and asked the man's name. "Demidoff, I shall remember you," said he as he rode off. The poor man was beginning to think that Peter had forgotten him when there came an official document adorned with the imperial seal, granting him the freehold of a great tract of crown land in the neighborhood of the village. Demidoff went to work on his new property and found there inexhaustible mines of iron, silver and malachite. Young Elim Demidoff—he does not bear in Russia the Italian title of prince generally prefixed to his name by foreigners—is at the present moment the richest man in the world, Princess Yousoupoff, with her great turquoise mines, coming next in rank. Fortunately, both of them are more free-handed and generous than their respective immediate predecessors as head of the family, the late Anatole Demidoff and the late Prince Yousoupoff having been alike renowned for their meanness and avarice, of which almost incredible stories are related.

THE DREAM OF CHEMISTRY.

Hopes in Time to Produce Palatable Beefsteaks Out of the Elements.

The electrician has one dream and the social philosopher has another. But the chemist has also a vision of the alchemist of the dark ages. This is how he would solve the problems of comfort and happiness which have been put to the human race:

"The chemist hopes for a synthetic beefsteak, for a chemical loaf, for a cup of coffee made, like his sodawater extracts, out of inorganic matter. He wants to see the day when a synthetic climate shall envelop the earth, when the rainmaker shall be a prophet and man shall hold the string to the unruly bags of Aeolus.

"In that day the food and raiment of mankind will be produced in the crucibles of the chemist. Once more verdure will clothe the fields now defaced by human toil, and the shaggy woods will spring anew on the despoiled slopes of the hills. There will be no tilling or harvest, no slaughtering of tame beasts. Out of the original elements chemistry will compound chops and cutlets, knead the dough and brew ale.

"The battle has already been partly won in the case of medicines and drugs. The wine at the table d'hote never saw the vineyard. The 'prize fruit flowers' of the drug store are innocent of the orchard and garden. Synthetic chemistry is yet young. It has made great advances in the production of glycerine and sugar. It has four thousand devotees in this country who hope to make the dream a reality."

INCREASING LENGTH OF LIFE.

Modern Heroines at Least Are Much Longer Lived Than Jane Austen's Were.

Is the human race becoming longer-lived despite the fret and fever of modern civilization? It is an interesting question, and it may very probably be answered some day by science in the affirmative. The longevity of professional men is now generally considered to be greater than that of farmers and mechanics. In other words, intellectual activity, although in many respects more exhausting than physical, has in the main a salutary effect upon the human frame. It may be the nerves rather than the muscles upon which we mainly depend, after all. It is a commonplace of observation that the big, hearty men are constantly dropping out of the world, while those of far more fragile organizations, apparently, live on to a ripe old age.

As to the increasing longevity of the race generally, there is no little incidental testimony on this head to be gathered from various sources. Some of the early heroes and heroines of romance are old before they reach what we should call middle life. And at the beginning of our own century Jane Austen, whose testimony is always unimpeachable, speaks of the healthy and contented woman of forty as having a good prospect of twenty years of life yet. Twenty years! What woman of to-day, asks the Providence Journal, thinks of herself as falling into decrepitude at sixty? Elsewhere in Miss Austen's pages we run across people who are old with the passage of half a century of life. But now we have Gladstones at eighty and over, and think nothing of it.

Bumps on the Earth.

The alarming theories propounded by scientists make one sit up at first glance. For example, M. de Lapparent read a paper before the scientific congress at Paris the other day in which he labored to prove that the mountains of the earth are decreasing in size, and that they will ultimately vanish altogether. The tremendous friction of the atmosphere is wearing them away. The Alps, he said, exemplified the youth, the Pyrenees the maturity, the mountains of Provence the declining years and the central plateau of France the death and dissolution of mountain ranges. But don't worry. Four or five hundred thousand years must slip by before the bumps on the earth's surface are razed.

THE OUT-TO-DINNER MAN.

One Who Is Not Brilliant, But Makes Himself Useful.

"No," said the slightly cynical bachelor to a New York Tribune man, "it's not because I am tremendously popular that I get invitations, and I don't consider it such an honor to be invited to dine somewhere every night in the week with half a dozen or more invitations a week to spare. Why in the world do you suppose they invite me? Well, I am a good deal like the fellow who is taken on a ship and made to work his passage. He pays for his voyage with work. I work my passage at the dinners. Oh, yes, I do. There's no use in being vain about these things. You see, I'm not married, and there's always some young woman, or old woman, for that matter, who has to be taken care of. Now, a married man is at a discount at a dinner. Of course, he takes a woman out to dinner, but some man has to be provided for his wife.

"I'm just useful at a dinner and that's why I get invited. I'm not good-looking and I never said a bright thing in my life, but I can talk a streak of stuff and nonsense that is necessary to keep a dinner going. I'm good natured and amiable. I like everybody, and so I get along comfortably with my neighbors. In a mild sort of way, I suppose, I am amusing. And then I am a good laugher. I laugh at all the good things that are said, and at many of them that are not so good. I get in my own little jokes when the time comes, and so we row along through the dinner, I working my passage and my hostess smiling approval on me.

"Oh, no, it's not a bit damaging to my vanity. I simply know it's so, and accept it cheerfully. I can't dance for shucks, so I'm of no earthly use at a dance. If I were a good dancer I'd probably come in for all that, too. My strong point is a dinner, and so I'm wanted there, and not at a dance. It doesn't wound my vanity a bit. I enjoy the dinner. Having a lot of pretty women around the table, and listening to them, and talking to them is lots more fun than sitting alone in a club, with only a lot of ghostlike waiters to amuse you. It's a perfectly fair bargain. I talk and I am sweet-tempered for my ferriage, and I get on the ferry a good dinner and enjoyable surroundings. That's all there is to it, and as for the honor of the thing and all that, there's no more honor in my being invited to dine out every evening than there would be in going out to fiddle for a party at the regular price. I talk and get my dinner and pleasant company. The other man gets his five or ten dollars, or whatever the price is, and fiddles."

THIS WAS A SMART CAT.

How He Convinced Himself That It Was His Own Image.

The late Dr. Romanes, in his "Animal Intelligence," gives two stories of cats, which, on seeing their own reflection in a looking glass, convinced themselves that the reflection was an illusion. In the case of a very intelligent cat of mine, he went, I think, a step beyond this—namely, he satisfied himself that it was in some way his own image. Even if my deduction is wrong, the first part of his proceedings was so singularly like those in Dr. Romanes' accounts, that it seems as though it were a uniform law of cat nature to act in this way, and so far it may not be altogether uninteresting.

"I put the cat on a table, in front of a small toilet mirror. After looking at his reflection for a short while, he went behind the glass; then he returned to his seat in front, and again watched it attentively. After a few moments he rapidly dashed behind it. He again returned to his seat in front of the glass, and, while retaining his seat and keeping his eyes fixed on the image, he struck about behind the glass with his paw in different directions.

"His next action, was, I fancy, suggested by seeing the image apparently strike with its paw also. Keeping his seat and retaining his eye fixed on the image, he proceeded to (if I may use the word) posture in front of the glass. He raised his paws alternately, licked them, touched the glass, moved his head, etc. I have tried to simply describe facts, and as far as possible avoid drawing conclusions."

NEW YORK'S EXCESS OF WOMEN

Curious Facts About the Distribution of the Feminine Surplus.

The census reveals some curious facts about the distribution of New York's excess of women. New York city has 20,000 of them; Brooklyn, 17,000; Albany, 5,500; Troy, 5,000; Utica, 3,000; Rochester, 4,000; Syracuse, 1,100. They are all, practically, in the larger cities of the state, the one exception being Buffalo, which has 4,000 more men than women.

It would be interesting to know more about these 4,000 superfluous Buffalo men, says a writer in Harper's Weekly, whether they are Poles, Italians, lake sailors, canal boatmen or merely lively young bachelors from the country in the western part of the state, who have gone to Buffalo to seek their fortunes.

New York city's business opportunities, which attract crowds of men, seem to attract quite as many women. Yet the excess of women in New York is comparatively small. The city has 45 women to every 44 men, while Brooklyn has 26 women to every 25 men and Troy 11 women to every 10 men. Why should it happen that in the suburban counties nearest New York there should be more men than women?

It would seem that of the population drawn by the metropolis to this end of the state the unmarried men would nearly all live in the cities and the dwellers in the suburbs would for the most part be people with families. Yet the suburban countries all show an excess of men—1,300 in Westchester, 1,700 in Richmond and 2,300 in Queens.

An Ingenious Widower.

A practical man lately became a widower. He was devoted, in his own selfish way, to his wife, so that her friends were surprised when they heard that he had sold all her wedding gifts—principally silver—without delay. His ingenious excuse was this: "I needed a good watch, as she well knew. The presents were of no use to me, and I thought that, if I sold them and used the proceeds to get a watch, it would be like having it come from her." Certainly a curious way of getting around the facts.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - - MAY 24, 1895.

THE United States Supreme Court at Washington on Monday declared the income tax unconstitutional. The judges stood five to four on the decision.

THE office of deputy auditor general is the latest invention of the Pennsylvania legislature. It is a new office and will give some member of the g. o. p. a salary of 3,000 per annum while the public schools or charitable institutions will be that much short.

ON Tuesday the bill apportioning the state in congressional, senatorial and legislative districts was defeated in the house. It is the plain duty of our representatives to pass an apportionment bill and having the executive, senate and house the g. o. p. is responsible for the failure.

THE Kentucky Beet Sugar company is now being organized at Bowling Green, Ky., with a capital of $1,000,000. It will build a plant to cost $750,000, and to produce fifty tons of granulated sugar every twenty-four hours. The beets will be raised in the vicinity by farmers.

THE United States geological survey furnishes a report on the coal product of the United States for the year 1894, which shows a decrease of nearly eleven and a half millions of short tons of 2,000 pounds over the product of 1893 and a decrease in value of over twenty two and a quarter million dollars.

LAST Thursday Governor Hastings vetoed the bill prohibiting the capture or killing for sale or barter of quail, ruffled grouse, prairie chickens or woodcock. The governor says that such legislation is against sound public policy and not in accord with the fundamental law of the land. The veto was sustained by the house.

THE remains of General Winfield Scott Hancock are to be removed from Norristown, Pa., and interred in Arlington National cemetery. At a meeting of veterans of the Second Corps, Army of the Potomac, held in Willard's hotel, a committee was appointed to take charge of the removal and reinterment. The body of Mrs. Hancock is to be removed from its resting place in St Louis and interred beside the remains of the hero of Gettysburg.

COKE production was about 1,000 tons less last week than it was the previous week, but the output in shipments was nearly 300 cars greater, showing that some of the stock coke that has been accumulating for the past month was got rid of. The demand would have shown some improvement had there been no labor disturbances in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys and at South Chicago. One good point about the furnace strikes is that they have all been of short duration. Nearly all of the demands have been reasonable. By the first of next week the cost of pig iron will likely be about 15 cents per ton higher, owing to advances in wages.

A CURIOUS decision has just been given by the English courts with regard to bank checks. Many people regard a paper of this character as a kind of bank note, and take their time about cashing it or giving it to the bank for collection The British tribunals now decree that the keeping of a check for two days before depositing it in a bank constitutes an act of negligence which, if the bank fails in the meantime, debars the holder from recovering the amount from the drawer of the check. This may be good law, but it is bad logic, since the person to whom the money is due surely ought not to be punished because his debtor is a depositor in a defaulting bank.

THE Pennsylvania state weather service issued the following on Wednesday: The severe frosts of the 13th and 17th, and the freezing weather during the week, were very injurious to the early growing vegetables and fruits in nearly all sections of the state, outside of the southeastern counties. The grape crop appears to be ruined. It is too early to determine the full extent of damage to potatoes, apples, pears and other fruits, and the same may be said of vegetables, as many of them may yet recover under favorable conditions. While the injuries now appear serious, it is probable that the losses are over estimated. Grain and grass continue in very good condition, although slow growth was made during the week. Considerable corn has been planted and some of it up. Less than the usual area of tobacco will be put in. The acreage of potatoes will be large.

THE decision of the supreme court, says the Pittsburg *Post*, puts it out of the power of the general government, no matter how great the emergency, of taxing the hundreds of millions of the Goulds, Astors, Vanderbilts, Carnegies and Rockefellers—lets off such vast combinatiions of capital as the Standard and sugar trust represent— but on the other hand it sustains the tax of a cent a pound on sugar, or 35 per cent on the woolen shirt of the mechanic. It maintains that a tax on consumption is the only practicable method of securing federal revenues, and that the profits of accumulated capital should be exempt from bearing a fair share of the public revenues. As one of the justices said in his minority opinion: "The decision reverses the common rule of taxation by exempting those who are best able to pay and forcing the burden on the shoulders of those least able to pay." We should not be surprised if this decision raised a commotion equal to that produced by the Dred Scott decision.

BELOW are the salient features of the Farr compulsory educational bill, that has been signed by Governor Hastings: Every child in the commonwealth between the ages of 8 and 13 years shall attend for at least 16 weeks in each year a school in which the common English branches are taught. Only such children shall be exempt from these provisions as are certified by parents or guardians to be mentally or physically incapacitated, or who lives two miles from a public school or who are being otherwise instructed in the common branches and are so certified by the principal of a school.

A fine of $2 is provided for the first offense of anyone against the law, and $5 for each succeeding offense. An appeal to the court of quarter sessions is allowed to the negligent parents or guardians. Boards of school directors or controllers are authorized to appoint truant officers, at not over $2 per day, to better enforce attendance at school.

A census of the school children in every voting district must be taken by the district assessor at the same time that the annual assessment is made, and certified to the secretary of the district school board. Each teacher is required to report to the school board secretary monthly the names of all children who have been absent without satisfactory reason for five successive days.

The school board secretary must then proceed against the parents or guardians of the child. A plea of poverty, made by the parents or guardian, if sustained by the evidence, is expressly declared a sufficient excuse for non-compliance with the act, and in such case the cost of prosecution must be paid by the school board.

The failure of any school board secretary to comply with the provisions of the law is declared a misdemeanor, and he is liable to a fine not exceeding $25.

ONE of the things which the friends of cheap money persistently insist upon, says the Philadelphia *Record*, is that the demonetization of silver in 1873 caused the drop in the prices of wheat. Wheat sold for $1.31 in 1873, and in 1893 for 80 cents per bushel—a fall of 51 cents in twenty years. "Behold the work of the goldbugs!" shout the advocates of freesilver coinage in the ears of the puzzled farmer.

There is no denial of the fact that both wheat and silver have fallen in price in the last twenty years. But the fact that wheat has gone down with silver is a coincidence and not a consequence of silver depreciation. Both the cereal and the metal have fallen because of cheaper and larger production. If silver had advanced in price it would not have stayed the fall of wheat, nor would dear wheat have prevented cheap silver. In 1868 wheat sold for $1 90 per bushel. In 1873 it brought $1.31. Here was a drop of 59 cents in five years, although the silver dollar had not been demonetized.

What folly it is to try to pull the wool over the eyes of the grangers by attributing the ups and downs of market prices to any other cause than the constant fluctuations of supply and demand! This is a matter of such everyday proof that no one can be so dull as not to have apprehended it. No record of prices fails to attest it. Taking wheat again for an example: There was a short crop in 1890, and wheat sold at an average of $1.09 per bushel in the Eastern markets; there was overproduction in 1894, and wheat sold at an average of 62 cents per bushel.

Prices cannot be regulated by legislation; they must follow the working of causes beyond govermental control.

SIGNS of improving business, says the New York *World*, everywhere continue to multiply. Fall River is to add 150,000 spindles at once. The Carnegie people have announced an advance of 10 per cent. in wages in all their works, expressing confidence in the permanency of the revival. Several other large iron and steel works have done likewise. Increase of wages is the rule in many lines of manufactures. Bank clearings show continued gains, and merchants throughout the country report a brighter outlook than for many months past.

On the other hand, there is still a woful lack of employment for money. Rates of interest remain phenomenally low, and the bank reserve, as shown by Saturday's statement, is still excessive and still increasing. It stood for last week at $37,587,990 above legal requirements, a gain of $6,517,800 over the preceding week.

The indications of existing conditions the continued low interest rate and the excessive surplus reserve are distinctly discouraging. But as an aid to recovery they are quite the reverse. There is plenty of money to be had at scarcely more than nominal rates for every business enterprise in which revived confidence may tempt men to engage.

There is just now more money in the country than the business of the country can profitably employ, and much of it is lying idle as a consequence. But its presence is an inducement to enterprise in business, and with fine crop prospects all observers seem agreed in thinking that the next year is to be one of abounding business activity and countrywide prosperity.

A SERIOUS runaway accident occurred at Fort Wayne, Ind., on Tuesday morning during the Ringling Brothers' circus parade. Sixteen persons, mostly women and children, were injured and two will die. A horse hitched to a carriage stood quietly until the herd of elephants arrived, when the animal jumped high into the air, breaking the bridle. The horse made a wild plunge upon the sidewalk and leaped into the midst of at least fifty people. Defenseless women, with babies in their arms rushed into the street and others fell headlong into store doorways. At least ten baby carriages were standing on the sidewalk directly in the path of the runway horse.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18, 1895.—Secretary Lamont took a turn at wrestling with the regular weekly cabinet resignation rumor this time, and he took a fall without half trying. This rumor, which came by telegraph all the way from Ohio, gave ex-Congressman Outhwaite as Secretary Lamont's successor. There isn't the slightest doubt that Mr. Outhwaite would make a good secretary of war, but in as much as Dan Lamont is now giving satisfaction in that position and has no idea of retiring until March 4, 1897, the rumored change must be packed away with its long list of too previous successors.

Ex-Speaker Crisp was in Washington this week. He has been resting since the adjournment of congress and looks better than he has for several years. He is decidedly opposed to the plan of fighting the presidential campaign a year ahead of time, and thinks much ammunition is being wasted by Democrats in various states.

The statement is very positively made, and generally believed, that the decision of the supreme court, which will be handed down next week, will declare the entire income tax to be unconstitutional.

The peculiar stand taken by the British government, in refusing to re-enact the regulations in force last year to prevent illegal sealing in Behring sea, is harshly criticised. It is a practical nullification of all the measures for the protection of seals which were agreed upon at the Paris arbitration, and may result in the United States officially declaring the treaty abrogated. The action of the British government is apparently entirely in the interest of the Canadian pelagic sealers, and will result in the extermination of the seals, unless some way of stopping the killing can be devised by this government.

Hon. Samuel L. Rodgers, who has just been appointed collector of internal revenue for the Fifth district of North Carolina, and who is regarded as authority on the politics of his state, is in Washington. Speaking of the situation he said: "North Carolina, despite the revolution of last November, is still a Democratic state, and Democrats will regain its control within the next two years. The coalition between the Republicans and Populists will be short-lived. Already they are tiring of the fusion compact, and though it may hold together for one more campaign, that will be the end of it. It does not take any prophet to tell that the combination, in the very nature of things, couldn't be permanent. A few sore headed Democrats who have gone over to the fusion side in the hope of spoils, will be kicking themselves ere many days go by for deserting their party, for they will find that the fellows they deserted to will be empty-handed themselves."

Everybody is glad that President Cleveland decided not to court-martial Admiral Meade for his recent very indiscreet remarks in a printed newspaper interview. That he was guilty of a serious infraction of the naval regulations, one for which a younger officer would have deserved severe punishment, there is no doubt. But the admiral has grown old in the service, is high-tempered, and has a disordered liver which makes him see things to worry him in incidents that others would never notice; therefore everybody is glad that he will escape with a reprimand, and on every hand is heard the wish that Secretary Herbert will make that as light as possible.

Ex-Speaker Reed was in Washington this week. He tried to keep his visit a secret, and having failed in that said he was only paying a visit to his friend, Congressman Hitt, of Ill., who has been quite ill for several weeks. Mr. Reed did not say what other objects he had in view, but there are indications that some of them will not be pleasant to certain congressmen, who, believing themselves slated for choice committee positions under the next house, have been conspiring against Mr. Reed's boom for his party's presidential nomination. The big man from Maine heard about the conspiracies, and there are reasons for the belief that the Congressional conspirators will not fare well when Mr. Reed makes up the committees for the house. He hasn't the reputation of turning the other cheek to those who smite him. On the contrary he smites back every time, and he is a hard hitter, too. It is said that he found his presidential boom in a very dangerous condition, and that he may announce his withdrawal from the race, in order to throw his strength to some man who can be certain of beating Harrison, who is the one man that Reed will do almost anything to keep out of the nomination. The feud between him and Harrison is an old one, dating away back to the early part of Harrison's administration.

M.

Fatal Earthquakes in Italy.

Florence, May 20.—The earthquakes which occurred here Saturday evening has proved more serious than it seemed at first. Thousands of people spent Saturday night in the streets, and a second shock at 11 o'clock at night intensified a thousand fold the first alarm. Similar events occurred at Baris, near here. The casualties there included four deaths and many injured. Numbers of houses were also badly cracked. Other villages in the vicinity suffered still worse damage. At Grassina forty houses were wrecked At Lapaggi several buildings fell and three persons were entomed. The church at San Martino was destroyed while full of worshipers, several persons being crushed to death, and many who were wounded are still in the ruins. The villages of Gallezzo and Gambino were badly damaged.

Mexicans in Bloody Revolt.

El Paso, Tex., May 19.—A few days ago the native Mexicans living in a settlement between the towns of Guadalupe Calvo and Varvagama, in the state of Chihuahua, attacked a surveying party under Capt. Morrison, an American, and killed 20. The commander of Mexican troops at Parral, started a detachment of 100 men to the scene. Last Wednesday the troops were assaulted by the natives and retreated, leaving half of their dead and wounded on the battle ground.

The appointment of the American, Morrison, to survey government land, which is now occupied by native farmers, caused the trouble. The natives number about 2,000. Troops have been ordered from Chihuahua to quell the revolt.

20,000 Land Seekers.

Perry, Oklahoma, May 19.—The news that the Kickapoo Indian county would be opened on Thursday, May 23, at noon, caused great excitement in Oklahoma. The Kickapoo reservation is the finest land in Oklahoma and consists of 106,000 acres, but the Indian allotments and school reservations take up all except about 600 quarter sections of land. For two years hundreds of people have been camping around the new country waiting for it to be opened to settlement, and thousands of people are going in to-day, and no less than 20,000 people will contest for the 600 claims.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Britishers Corner Wheat Ships.

Tacoma, Wash., May 18.—Grain men here say that the English ship owners have cornered the wheat ships of the Pacific coast. They connect the Fair wheat of San Francisco with the deal.

"There is a scheme to hold wheat ships in port," said Phil R. Kersaw, of the West Coast Grain Company to day, "until charters are run up to an outrageous figure, and then get the Fair wheat to load at fancy prices. We on the Pacific coast are at the mercy of the owners of English bottoms, who have cornered the ships at San Francisco and on Puget Sound, besides buying up the English bottoms headed this way.

"The managers of the corner propose to rake off all the benefits to be derived from the advance on wheat. They propose to make a profit of from twelve to fifteen cents a bushel on the advance, while the wheat raiser and dealer are to to get but two or three cents per bushel.

"I have advised my clients to get together and arrange with the railroads to give a reasonable rate on wheat shipment by rail to Chicago. If this is done it it will break the back of the corner on ships."

A Workman's Revenge.

Cleveland, O., May 19.—William Ryan, a grading contractor, was shot by Michael O'Neill late last night, and is lying at his home fatally wounded. Ryan had been engaged in grading work in Calvary Catholic cemetery, in the southern outskirts of the city. Several days ago O'Neill, who was hired as a laborer, was absent from his post, and Ryan hired a man in his place. Yesterday morning O'Neill came to work and worked half an hour before Ryan appeared, when he was told that he was not wanted.

Last night O'Neill was paid for his former work, but demanded additional money for the half hour's work yesterday morning. This was refused, and O'Neill waited for Ryan as he was going home and shot him under the shoulder blade. Ryan was picked up unconscious and taken to his home, which was nearer than a hospital. It was impossible for the physicians to extract the bullet. It is almost impossible for him to recover. O'Neill made his escape, and up to a late hour to-night has not been captured.

A Mother's Insane Action.

New York, May 18.—Mrs. Hattie Taussig, wife of an electrician, deliberately planned the death of herself and two daughters, aged 8 and 6 years respectively. She succeeded in her designs, so far as she herself was concerned, but the children survive.

Mrs. Taussig's infant died recently and the event so preyed upon her that she had for several days been upon the verge of insanity. Taussig and his son, 3 years old, occupied one bedroom and his wife and the two little girls slept in the adjoining room. During the night the mother attached a rubber pipe to the gas burner, and, having closed the door and window of the room, placed the loose end of the pipe in her mouth and turned on the gas. She was soon dead. The elder of the children was awakened probably by her mother's struggles, and made an outcry which brought the father and husband. The two children were suffering from asphyxiation, but were speedily recieved.

China's Public Debt.

Washington, May 20.—A careful compilation of the figures of the Chinese national debt shows that at the present moment it aggregated only £10,000,000, a sum insignificant in view of the great resources of the nation. The first Chinese loan was emitted in 1875, and since that date there have been various issues, mostly for small amounts. The rate of interest on these loans varies considerably, probably owing to the different character of the security offered, but the highest figure is 10 per cent., and it may be significant that the last, made during the pendency of war last year, was placed as low as 7 per cent. Most of these loans were paid to the Chinese in silver, but in only two instances it is stipulated that they shall be repaid in the same metal and the balance must be refunded in gold. It is believed here that the Chinese will have no difficulty in raising the entire amount of the indemnity to be paid Japan.

Katherine Drexel's Work.

New Orleans, La., May 20.—The first colored Catholic church in the South was dedicated in this city yesterday by Archbishop Janssius. The church owes its foundation to Mother Catharine Drexel, and will be known as St. Katherine's in consequence. The colored Catholics of the diocese number 75,000, and Archbishop Janssius has been anxious for years to have a special church for them.

The *Crusader*, the colored paper of New Orleans, and the leading negro Catholics opposed a colored church on the ground it was drawing the color line, and that they were very well satisfied with the present arrangement, by which both races enjoyed their religious rights in the same Catholic churches.

The archbishop has finally triumphed, however, and in St. Katherine's the negroes will have a church of their own, where the choir and others are negroes.

Bitten by Her Pet Dog.

Gainesville, Fla., May 20.—Miss Mila Morrison, the 18 year old daughter of Judge Angus Morrison, who lives near here, is dying of hydrophobia. She was bitten about three months ago by her pet dog, but no danger of hydrophobia was apprehended. Yesterday, however, symptoms of the dread disease developed and she is now violent.

It requires two strong men to hold her upon the bed and she is evidently endeavoring to bite. She has bitten herself in several places and is suffering terrible agony. She frequently gives utterance to sounds that resemble the barking of a dog.

The girl seems to be parching with thirst, and yet the mere sight of water throws her into convulsions. Miss Morrison is the third victim of hydrophobia in Florida in a few weeks.

LONDON, May 22.—A report is published in the *Star* that a Spanish steamer has been wrecked off the Philippine Islands and 168 persons drowned. The report evidently has reference to the Spanish steamer Gravena previously reported as having been wrecked off Capones. No details are furnished.

FOUR MEN SUFFOCATED

Exact Facts About the West Virginia Disaster.

A CARELESS POLE CAUSED IT.

He Ignited a Can of Powder In a Mine Near Fairmont—A Terrific Explosion Followed—A Number Seriously but Not Fatally Injured.

WHEELING, May 22.—The first reports of a disastrous explosion at the Monongah mine, near Fairmont, were wildly exaggerated, and a number of very sensational stories have been sent out over the country. The exact facts are as follows:

A Pole carelessly ignited a can of powder in Mine No. 4 of the Monongah Coal and Coke company, and a terrific explosion followed. The accident occurred in the main air course leading to Mine No. 2, about 500 feet from the mouth of Mine No 4, and the smoke was thus driven through the different parts of the mine, suffocating four miners. Quite a number of others were seriously but not fatally affected by the smoke.

The names of the dead are: C. L. Bertcher, an old man, who leaves a large family; William Shaver, aged 15; Luka Verika and Andrew Dunloe. The last two are foreigners.

Mine Inspector D. M. Harr is on the ground and is making an investigation. An inquest will be held today. The Monongah mines are the principal works in the Upper Monongahela coal field, and the company is headed by ex-United States Senator Camden.

FOURTEEN PERSONS KILLED.

A Deadly Nitroglycerin Explosion Occurs Near San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—A terrific report and concussion, which was distinctly felt all through this city and towns around the bay for a distance of 40 miles, proved to be an explosion in the nitro-glycerin and mixing houses of the California powder works at Pinole, across the bay. The crew of the glycerin house, four in number, and the foreman of the mixing house were all killed, as were nine Chinese working in the latter department. The explosion occurred in the nitro-glycerin house and was probably caused by the Chinese dropping a can of the explosive. The cause cannot be definitely ascertained, however, as all connected with the building are dead. There were 200 Chinese in the adjacent mixing room, and at the sound of the explosion all ran.

The killed are: Clarence Johnson, foreman of glycerin house; D. A. Doane of Pinole, M. Minahoh of Oakland, C. Veigas of Martinex, W. D. Taylor, foreman of mixing house, and nine Chinese.

ROW BETWEEN ARISTOCRATS.

Marquis of Queensberry and Son Fight In Piccadilly, London.

LONDON, May 22.—The fashionable promenade in Piccadilly was well filled with aristocratic spectators when the Marquis of Queensberry met his son, Lord Alfred Douglas, near the corner of Bond street. A few words were passed between them, and then there was a brief, but very determined conflict. The police immediately separated the combatants and took them both to the police station. Lord Alfred's countenance was disfigured with a black eye. Neither the father nor the son preferred a charge against the other, so they were merely charged with disorderly conduct.

The marquis had been attending the trial of Alfred Taylor, charged with being an accomplice of Oscar Wilde. Taylor was found guilty.

Odd Fellows' Temple Dedicated.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—This city is aglow with bunting, flags and emblems of the Order of Odd Fellows. The new temple was formally dedicated yesterday. The dedication being part of the ritual of the order, it was performed in secret, the only persons allowed inside the sacred pale being the officers of the Sovereign Grand lodge, the officers of the Grand lodges of Pennsylvania, New York and other states, and the officers of all local and visiting lodges.

Ladies' Auxiliary Officers.

ATLANTA, May 22.—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Order of Railway Conductors has elected officers for the coming two years, as follows: Mrs. J. H. Moore of Toledo, grand president; Mrs. O. H. Marshall, grand vice president; Mrs. W. E. Higgins of Columbus, grand secretary and treasurer; Mrs. B. F. Wiltsie, grand senior sister; Mrs. Zachariah Martin of Atlanta, grand junior sister; Mrs. Sullivan, grand guard.

More Earthquakes In Italy.

ROME, May 22.—Severe earthquake shocks have been experienced at Spoleto, a town situated on an isolated hill about 24 miles north of Rieti, which is located about 40 miles from this city. Although full particulars are not yet obtainable, it is known that much damage has been done and that many houses have been injured.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Two men were fatally injured by falling slate in Westmoreland county mines—John Dail at Export, and James McGivin at Crabtree.

—The mines in the Pomeroy, O., district, on strike since May 1st against a reduction from 2 to 1¾ cents per bushel, have accepted the reduction and gone to work.

—Fifteen suits have been entered against the city of Chicago by railroad companies and individuals for damages during the A. R. U. strike. The aggregate amount claimed is over a million.

—Archbishop Williams, of the Catholic diocese of Boston, who recently celebrated the 50th anniversary of his entrance to the priesthood, was presented with a $50,000 check by the clergy and laity of his diocese.

—General Ricardo de Ruesada, ex-secretary of war of Venezuela, has offered his services to the Cuban insurgents. He will take supplies and men with him. It is likely that he will be made commander-in-chief of the insurgent forces.

—In the year 1005 a soldier of the commonwealth of Modena ran away with a bucket from a public well belonging to the state of Bologna. The bucket might have been worth a shilling; but it produced a quarrel which was worked up into a long and bloody war.

—Bishop Phelan dedicated St. John's Catholic church at Uniontown on Sunday morning. An admission of $1, netting $800 for the general fund of the church, was charged. Nearly two hundred children were confirmed by the bishop in the afternoon. The church cost $40,000. The bishop was assisted at the service by Fathers Coyne, of Chartiers; Bullion, of Homestead; Wurtenbaugh, of Braddock; Kittell, of Pittsburg; Lambing, of Scottdale; Petta, of Dawson; Serom, of Pittsburg, and Pius, of New Baltimore.

... TO THE ...
MONEY SAVERS
.... OF ....
CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Bradley's Cash Store, Main Street, Gallitzin, is the best store in town and is filled with choice, seasonable goods at the Lowest Prices.

50 pieces of Lancaster Gingham, about 2,500 yards, at 5 cents. Blue Prints at 5 cents. Muslins, best Print at 6 cents.

DRESS GINGHAMS, 5C.

The Best 50-cent Corset in town, well worth 75 cents. Wall Paper 8 cents double bolt up to 15 cents for Gilt Paper.

Full line of Embroidery, Laces, Lace Curtains and White Goods.

Splendid assortment of Hats, Shirts and Shoes. Oxford Ties for ladies—never more stylish or cheaper.

We extend an invitation to out-of-town buyers to call and see our assortment of goods.

Thos. Bradley,
Gallitzin, Pa.

I LEAD THE
PROCESSION !
—IN—
High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show. Our spring stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of this country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

☞ I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,
1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

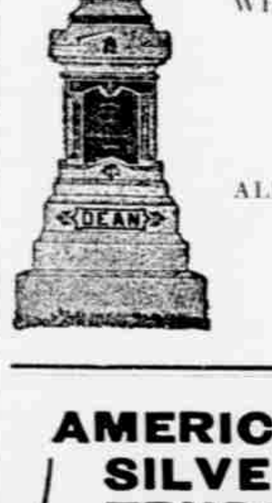
NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTAL : WORKS !



☞ We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS,
HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—
Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.
Give personal supervision to the manufacture and shipment of all orders.
Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence.
ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON,
EBENSBURG, PA.

American Silver Truss.

Beside the above we handle the Seeley Hard Rubber, the Penfield Celluloid, and all other Standard Trusses.

☞ Special attention given to the proper fitting of Trusses

Dr. T. J. DAVISON,
EBENSBURG, PA.

mch5 95

Ely's Cream Balm
THE CURE FOR
CATARRH
HAY-FEVER
AND
COLD IN HEAD

Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

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WRITE
Black Mohair
Fine Mohair
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Newest Novelties
in Elegant Mohairs.
Creme Mohair
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Misses' and
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BOGGS & BUH
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ASSIGNEE'S SA
SATURDAY, JUNE 8TH,
at 2 o'clock, P. M.
LOT OF GROUN
AND DWELLING HOUSE THERE
LOT OF GROUN
TERMS.
J. F. McKENRICK,
May 24, 1895.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILRO
Connections at Cresson.
Ebensburg Branch
Cresson and Clearfield
S. M. PREVOST,
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REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law
EBENSBURG,
Office on Centre street.

KITTELL & LITTLE
Attorneys at Law
EBENSBURG, PA.
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J. F. McKENRICK,
H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
DONALD E. DUFTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

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EBENSBURG, PA.

WANTED-SALESMEN.
THE HAWKS NURSERY CO.

BONANZA to AGENTS
CANCER

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - - MAY 24, 1895.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—The farmers are all busy planting corn.

—Mr. Ed O'Brien, of Lilly, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—Mr. John M. Biller, of Patton, spent a few hours in town on Tuesday.

—Mr. Frank Christy of Gallitzin spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

—Mr. P. J. Kirby and wife of Wilmore, were visitors to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—Mr. S. P. Lantzy, of Garman's Mills, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—Mr. Jacob Thomas, of Eder township, spent a few hours in town on Wednesday.

—Ex-Sheriff Joseph A. Gray, of Carrolltown, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Saturday.

—Mrs. William A. Horan, of Johnstown, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Blair.

—Mr. Andrew Haug a well kown citizen of Carrolltown, is reported to be critically ill.

—Mr. [illegible] T. Roberts, of this place, on Monday started for Philadelphia for a few days visit.

—Mr. Abel Lloyd, of this place, has been quite ill lately but we understand is improving.

—Wheat has gone up to 75 cents per bushel and the indications are that it will go higher.

—Mr. J. B. Wilber, Ebensburg's clothing merchant, has a new ad in this issue of the FREEMAN.

—Miss Annie White and sister, Cecelia, of Blair township, were visitors to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—The borough of South Fork will issue bonds to the amount of 4,000 to be expended in sewering the town.

—Dr. F. J. Jones, of this place, is at Chambersburg this week in attendance at the State Medical Association.

—About 300 delegates, representing the Congregational church of Pennsylvania, are holding a convention at Pittston.

—The Westmoreland county grand jury has condemned the court house at Greensburg and recommends the erection of a new one.

—Miss Alice Kerr has been appointed superintendent of the Forest county schools, to succeed her brother, who died recently.

—Messrs. Patrick Moran, Ed. Shields and Bernard Litzinger, three of Loretto's [illegible] citizens, were visitors to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—Mr. Thurman, a representative of the Johnstown *Democrat*, was in Ebensburg on Friday and while here paid the FREEMAN a pleasant call.

—Hog cholera is said to be prevailing to an alarming extent at Cresson and vicinity. J. A. Dodson has already lost fourteen head of hogs by the disease.

—A daughter of Mr. Henry Kirsch, of Allegheny township, died on Saturday, aged about 16 years. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Nicktown on Monday.

—Near Waynesburg, Greene county, cut-worms are causing great destruction, especially to corn, and the farmers are plowing up the young plants with a view of replanting.

—The mail route between Ebensburg, Nicktown and Martinton, Indiana county, was discontinued on Saturday. Mail to these places will now go by rail by way of Spangler.

—Henry Benden, an aged resident of Carroll township, died at his home near Elder on Wednesday, May 15th, 1895, aged 77 years. He is survived by his wife and two sons.

—The bicycle races on the Ebensburg fair grounds, advertised to take place on Saturday June 1st, have been postponed to some time which will be announced in the future.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has completed a new double water tank 35 feet high at the "Y" near Lilly. Two locomotives can be supplied with water at the same time.

—After an uninterrupted courtship of 17 years an Indiana couple made up their minds that they were sufficiently acquainted with each other to take further risk. So they were married.

—There is quite a division of sentiment concerning the amount of damage done by the late frosts. Some farmers think the fruit is nearly all killed, while others think it will be about half a crop.

—A six foot seam of fire-clay has been discovered at Frugality on lands owned by the [illegible] and Clearfield Company. It is thought that a large fire brick plant will erected in the near future at that town.

—Attorney General McCormick has decided that in the formation of new counties the ten mile limit does not extend to the court house in the old counties, but to the limits of the town in which said court house is located.

—Cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Hugh Jones, of Johnstown, and Miss Emma Owens, of Ebensburg. Wednesday evening, June 5th, is the time fixed for the ceremony, which will take place in the Presbyterian church, in this place.

—Subsequent to the wedding of Mr. Jos. Shoemaker and Miss Maggie McCabe, which is mentioned in another column, we acknowledge the receipt of a generous "take" of the wedding cake, for which the happy couple have our thanks and best wishes.

—The brick making plant recently burned on the property of the Sisters of Mercy at Cresson, will be rebuilt as soon as feasible as the large number of bricks needed in the erection of the new convent will justify its erection.

—Mr. J. J. Rhoddy, assignee of William Westrick, will offer at public sale on the premises on Saturday, June 8th at 2 o'clock p. m., a tract of ground in the borough of [illegible] upon one of which is erected a dwelling house, etc. See ad in another column.

—Henry Bager, one of the oldest residents of Jackson township, died at the home of his grandson—John A. Gray—in that township on Thursday, in the eighty-[illegible] year of his age. He is survived by one daughter, wife of Timothy R. Davis, of Conemaugh.

—The contract for furnishing the material, making the excavations and doing the stonework for the Laughlin Memorial Home near the fair grounds has been let to Mr. J. A. Shoemaker, of this place. The building is to be completed by the 1st of August.

—Joseph Denny, brother of Mr. J. B. Denny, of the Mountain House in this place, will be elevated to the dignity of the priesthood at Cincinnati on Wednesday, June 10th. He will say his first mass in Altoona on the first or second Sunday after his ordination.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has informed the parties who have been endeavoring to have a public road built along the slackwater from Conemaugh Furnace to Johnstown that the company cannot construct it, nor does it hold that it is liable to do so.

—Mr. A. B. Martz, of Delaney, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Thursday. Mr. Martz contemplates removing to Madison county, Virginia, in the near future.

—An exchange says: To start a balky horse, lift up one of his front feet and hold it up for about three minutes, more or less, then let it down again and the animal will start off as usual. A horse can only think of one thing at a time and that is the secret of this cure for balking.

—A fire occurred at 1325 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, on Friday afternoon which destroyed property to the value of $10,000. Among the losers by the fire is George McPike, a former Ebensburger, who, with his wife, occupied rooms in the burned building. His loss is placed at $250.

—Chester county farmers are complaining of devastations of cut-worms among the young corn. This weather just suits the little pests and they are cutting the tender stocks off by the hundreds. The worms have also attacked vegetables in the farmers' gardens and are doing great damage among them.

—A curious and profitable industry has sprung up in the large sawmill districts in the utilization of the immense quantities of sawdust and shavings by compression. Thousands of tons are compressed into compact blocks and bales and in this form are finding a ready market for kindling and for fuel in eastern sections.

—In the senate at Harrisburg on Thesday Mr. Vaughan introduced a bill to repeal the act of April 17, 1878, providing for the division of counties and the erection of new counties. The passage of this bill is intended to prevent any county from taking advantage of the act under which Lackawanna county was created.

—A mad dog got among a flock of sheep near Tiffin, Ohio, last week and bit one hundred and seventy-eight of them. Nineteen were killed outright, nine went mad and the remaining one hundred and fifty had to be killed in order that the disease could not spread. The same dog bit two cows which had to be killed.

—Mrs. Thersa Criste, relict of Joseph Criste, deceased, died at her home in Cresson township on Friday morning. The deceased was born in Munster township on December 25th, 1805, and was at the time of her death aged 89 years, 4 months and 22 days. Her remains were interred in St. Aloysius cemetery, Summit, on Monday.

—Peter Burnheimer, an old and respected citizen of Wilmore, died at his home in that place on Thursday night, May 16th, 1895, aged 77 years. He is survived by two sons and three daughters, viz: Peter, of Lilly; Philip; Rebecca, wife of Michael Connelly; Elizabeth and Sarah, of Wilmore. His remains were interred in St. Bartholomews' cemetery at Wilmore on Sunday last.

—The corner stone of the new Catholic church at Nicktown will be laid next Sunday afternoon by Rt. Rev. Bishop Phelan, of the Pittsburg diocese, of the Catholic church assisted by a number of the Catholic clergy. Rev. Father Rupert, pastor of the congregation at that place, is working with a commendable zeal in pushing the work on the church and will extend a cordial welcome to all on Sunday next.

—William King, of Pavia, Bedford county, convicted in United States District Court at Pittsburg last week of trying to raise a $1 bill to a $10 bill by pasting a figure cut from a revenue stamp over that of the bill, received sentence on Saturday. He got a light dose—$5 fine and a year and a month in the penitentiary—probably in consideration of the fact that the job was a clumsy one, and therefore not particularly dangerous.

—A thrifty Republican farmer of Cambria township, who, to use a Wall street simile, is "long" on horses and perhaps "short" on oats, has struck a practical idea to tide over the depressed condition of the horse market. Being a friend of the steward of the almshouse, he has committed two colts to the care of that institution where they will thrive and grow sleek on county oats and be in first-class condition for the market when there is a better demand for horse-flesh.

—"Don't lick postage stamps," cries a medical authority. "They pass through many hands, from the manufacturer to the office boy. They are torn off, folded and carried about through postoffices in disease-stricken localities, and sometimes carried in mailbags dirtier than anything. They may give you diphtheria, small-pox or scarlet fever. They have on tap any kind of disease that you call for. Therefore, dont lick them. Moisten them with a wet sponge."

—On Thursday night of last week burglars entered the house of Hiram Hoffman, near Davidsville, Somerset county, and succeeded in getting possession of Mr. Hoffman's trousers, which were hanging at the foot of the bed in which he and his wife were sleeping, and taking them out on the porch, rifled them of a pocketbook containing $44.35 and an old English watch. It is believed the burglars used chloroform on Mr. Hoffman and his wife as Mrs. Hoffman was quite ill from the effects of some drug when she awakened.

—Andrew, Robert and John Forrest, of Johnstown, made an assignment Monday to John Thomas for the benefit of creditors. The liabilities are between $4,000 and $5,000. The assets consist of a valuable farm underlaid with minerals, situated in Conemaugh township. The Forrests have always borne the highest reputation for honesty in business transactions and were thought to be on a solid financial footing. Their friends assert that their embarrassment is only temporary and that they will be able shortly to pay dollar for dollar.

—On Monday the Republican county convention will meet in Ebensburg for the purpose of nominating a county ticket. The work of the convention is all cut and dried and everything is fixed for harmonious working. S. W. Davis, of Ebensburg, will be nominated for prothonotary; F. B. Jones, of Johnstown, for register and recorder; Robert S. Murphy, of Johnstown, for district attorney; Thomas L. Jones, of Cambria township, for poor director; Dr. F. J. Livingstone, of Richland township, for coroner, and John H. Dye, of Johnstown for county surveyor.

—The civil service commission has recently completed the regulations to carry into effect the president's order placing store-keepers and gaugers under the civil service law, and as a consequence examinations of candidates for these places will be held throughout the country in the next few weeks. The examination for the western district of Pennsylvania will take place at Pittsburg in the latter part of June, the exact date not having been fixed yet. These examinations will not be very exciting. An elementary English education and a special knowledge of gauging being about all that will be required.

—About a week ago an old man named Witherow had violent hiccoughs, and the doctors had despaired of his life. His mother-in-law procured a gun and crept under his bed. When they were left alone she pulled the trigger, but she had aimed the weapon upward. The powder had burned the sick man's toes, and in a rage he sprang from the bed, and, dragging the woman from beneath, gave her a sound beating. In his anger Wetherow forgot all about his hiccoughs, and when the doctors came expecting to see a dying man, he was dining, and they had only the mother-in-law's bruises to look after.—*Everett Press.*

—On Saturday, May 18th, Mrs. Helena' wife of Theodore Luther, died at her home in Gallitzin, aged 38 years. The deceased was born in Carroll township and was a daughter of Joseph and Ellen Bender. She was united in marriage to Theodore D. Luther on October 20, 1874, and is survived by her husband and nine children, the two youngest being twins but five days old at the time of her death. She is also survived by her aged father, three brothers, viz: Charles Bender, of Huntingdon, W. Va.; Edward, of Carrolltown, and Ignatius, of Hastings; and two sisters, Mrs. John Miller and Mrs. John Albirter, both of Carrolltown.

—William Deemer is earning a scanty living by washing windows and polishing door knobs in South Bethlehem. He was in the American army during the Mexican war and at Chapultepec saved the lives of 12,000 of our soldiers. He discovered a fuse and traced it to a tree, in which was a Mexican soldier, whom he shot. Investigation showed that the fuse connected with a mine of 30,000 pounds of powder. General Winfield Scott the same day sent for Deemer, thanked him personally, gave him a ninety day's furlough, $65 in cash and a body guard to visit the City of Mexico. He is 73 years old and gets a pension of $12 a month.

—On Saturday night, 18th inst., the general merchandise establishment of H. T. Weaver, merchant and postmaster at Saltillo, Huntingdon county, was entered and robbed of a quantity of merchandise, including a few cans of dried beef, several revolvers and possibly a few pair of shoes. The postoffice department was also robbed of some $16 worth of stamps. The office safe of Calvin Greene & Son, tanners, was blown open with powder, but, containing no cash, the thieves got no spoils, and, with the exception of the injury to the safe and the more or less mutilation of business papers, insurance papers, etc., no further damage resulted.

—The design which has been prepared for the proposed Blair county soldiers' monument provides for an elaborate and massive work of masonry, resembling a fort, on which is a high round tower, standing fifty feet from the ground to the top. The dimensions of the base of the monument are eighteen by twenty-eight feet. It will contain a large room in which it is intended to store and preserve war relics of Blair county's heroes. This part of the monument looks something like a strong fort, and will have massive bronze doors. It will be constructed of mountain stone and Indiana limestone. Greenwood cemetery Altoona, seems to have the lead as a location for the monument.

—Some men may occupy an official position for a lifetime without showing any special fitness for the work, while others at the first bound show an aptitude that is astonishing. Steward Hughes, of the Almshouse, has served his first month and the following orders for pay have been granted by the directors: Steward Hughes, $41.76; Steward Hughes' wife, $12.50; a daughter of Steward Hughes, $10.00; another daughter of Steward Hughes, $10.00; Steward Hughes' son, $20.00; Director Somerville's son, $20.00. With a little more experience and time to roll up his sleeves, spit on his hands and take a good hold, the duties of his stewardship will be as nothing to a man of his seeming ability to grasp the situation.

Have the Silver Fever.

Johnstown, May 17.—There is much stir in this city over the find of a possible silver mine near here. A few days ago Moses Yoder, a farmer, near Ingleside, south of this city, while hunting among a rocky portion of his property came across marks of rock, gray in color, and having a a perfect impress of the plants of the palm age. He broke off a piece and was surprised to see within bright particles of what he believes to be silver. He at once confided his find to a friend, and together they brought the supposed precious metal to this city. Mr. Yoder, however, refuses to name the exact locality of the mountain whereon the rock was secured.

It seems that the Cambria Iron Company at once became interested in the matter, as the company owns a large tracts of land at Ingleside, and having obtained a portion of the rock, forwarded it to an assayer in Philadelphia. The result of the assay is watched with keen interest. It has long been popular belief that both silver and gold are imbedded in the rocks of that portion of Somerset county, and an experienced gold miner is now prospecting for the precious yellow ore.

Quick Legislation.

The quickest piece of legislation ever enacted under the new constitution reached Governor Hastings on Wednesday morning. Last Tuesday, at the instance of the newspaper correspondents, Mr. Grady introduced in the senate an act to compel clerks of Orphan's Courts to keep the marriage license docket open to reporters.

The bill originated from a decision given by Judge Biddle, of Cumberland, who denied the newspaper men of that county the privilege of examining these records. It was printed and read the first time the same day, and on Thursday it passed the senate finally, and went to the house the same day, where the newspaper men had it hustled in and out of the committee and through the house by 11 o'clock on Wednesday morning. And every requirement of the constitution was observed. The bill was at once sent to the governor, who promptly signed it, and it is now a law.

The Law on Netting Fish.

Following is the law in regard to netting fish in Pennsylvania:

"That hereafter no person or persons shall cast, set, or draw, fasten or otherwise make use of any fyke-net, or nets of any kind, device made from cotton or flax twine, or wire netting, similar to a fyke-net, for the purpose of catching fish in any of the rivers, waters or streams of this Commonwealth at any time in any year. Every person offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction therefore shall be punished by a fine, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, at the discretion of the court, before which such offender or offenders shall be convicted."

Reduced Rates to Gettysburg.

For the accommodation of those who desire to witness the Decoration Day exercises at Gettysburg, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell on May 29 and 30 excursion tickets from New York City and all stations in Pennsylvania and New Jersey to Gettysburg and return at one and one-third fares for the round trip, good for return passage until May 31, inclusive. This will make the round-trip rate as follows: New York, $8.73; Trenton, $6.47; Philadelphia, $5.40; Pittsburg, $10.93; Williamsport, $5.53; proportionate rates from other points.

Grand Concert by Telephone.

A grand concert was enjoyed by a number of persons last evening at the office of the Central Telephone Exchange. The music was furnished by the Ebensburg band, which played its delightful melodies in front of James drug store, in that town. The delicious strains were carried over the telophone wires to Pittsburg, Altoona Johnstown, and Harrisburg. The band played three pieces and the music was heard with good effect in this city.—*Altoona Times.*

Memorial Day in Ebensburg.

Twenty-seven years ago the beautiful and impressive custom of strewing flowers on the last resting place of fallen comrades was first publicly observed. On each 30th day of May since then the patriotic people have joined with the Grand Army of the Republic and other survivors of the Union army in a tribute of love and remembrance to the memory of those who paid the last full measure of devotion to our country and our flag with their lives, and of those gallant comrades who since Appomatox have gone to the great beyond. It was indeed a sacred inspiration that suggested to General Logan this tribute of remembrance and patriotism whose effects have been far-reaching and most salutory—bringing to humanity, civilization and Christianity a greater conception of reverence for heroes dead, and of gratitude for what they did while living. There is no teaching so powerful as example, and no incentive to patriotic deeds and noble living so great as that which springs from holding in remembrance and undying honor those who have nobly lived and gloriously died. So long as the country honors the memory of its heroes it will not lack defenders.

Capt. John M. Jones Post No. 556, G. A. R., will have charge of the Memorial Day exercises and invites Lieut. Hugh Jones Camp S. of V., Ladies' Aid Society, Knights of the Golden Eagle, J. O. U. A. M., pupils of Mt. Gallitzin School, and all old soldiers who may be in town on that day to participate with us in our exercises and assist us in decorating the graves of our fallen heroes.

You are all requested to meet at Armory Hall at 1 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, May 30, and after forming in line, proceed to the Court House, where public exercises will be conducted by the Post, after which we shall have a memorial address by Rev. John Burn, D. D., of Altoona. After this address a procession will be formed and march to the Congregational cemetery and from there to the Catholic cemetery, and after having decorated the graves of the heroic dead, (delegations having previously been sent to Lloyd's cemetery to decorate the graves there), return to Armory Hall and disband, to meet again at half past seven at the Court House, where we will bentertained with patriotic addresses, interspersed with songs and recitations. The singing will be in charge of Prof. Gibson.

The citizens and public are all cordially invited to be present at both afternoon and evening exercises. In order that all may be able to attend it is requested that all persons close their places of business between the hours of one and five or during the hour of the parade. Let the day be properly observed by all. It should be a day of sober, patriotic and grateful thought on the part of all Americans.

FLOWERS FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

The young girls of Ebensburg are requested to gather flowers for Memorial Day and bring them to Armory Hall at 8 o'clock on Thursday morning, where the ladies of the Aid Society are requested to arrange them into wreaths and boquets.

OBSERVANCE OF SUNDAY PRECEEDING MEMORIAL DAY.

All comrades of any post, all old soldiers, Sons of Veterans, Ladies' Aid Society, Eagles, J. O. U. A. M. are requested to meet at Armory Hall on Sunday, May 26, at 10 o'clock sharp, and proceed in a body to the Presbyterian Church, where a memorial sermon will be delivered by Rev. Richard Roberts.

Comrades of Bethel, Belsano and vicinity will meet at the —— church at Belsano, where Comrade Elias Rowland will preach a memorial sermon.

Comrades will appear in uniform as far as possible.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

Real Estate Transfers.

Jacob Roberts et ux. to John Helbig et al., Conemaugh township; consideration, $300.

John A. McGuire et ux. to Tillie Chirdon, Gallitzin township, $1.

Charles C. Wehn et ux. to Anthony Gerber, Johnstown, $7,000.

James P. McConaughy et ux. to Walter J. Hager, administrator, Cambria, $200.

Walter J. Hager, administrator, to Jacob J. Strayer, Cambria, $200.

Jacob J. Strayer, administrator, to Simon Overdorff, Morrellville, $940.

Simon Overdorff et ux. to J. J. Strayer, Morrellville, $630.

Peter Varner to Barbara Noon, Richland, $235.

Barbara Noon et vir. to Cambria Iron Company, Richland, $232.

William Christ et ux. to Frederick Neis, Johnstown, $1,225.

Thomas Harrison to George Harrison, Jackson, $1.

Theodore H. Wigton et ux. to H. C. Dern, Washington, etc., $5,000.

Thomas Davis et ux. to Ebensburg & Blacklick Railroad Company, Blacklick, $1.

John P. Layman et al. to Mt. Carmel Cemetery Association, Conemaugh township, $186.

Maggie J. Harris et vir. to John Q. Adams, Coopersdale, $1,200.

Jane Wills et al. to Dr. H. Somerville et al., Allegheny, $1,400.

John Fritz et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Johnstown, $10,000.

Bernard Kelly to James A. Ivory, Clearfield, $650.

Harriet L. Ellis et al. to Austrian Musical & Beneficial Association, Johnstown, $3,500.

Michael D. Bearer, assignee, to John A. Blair, Ebensburg, $1,600.

Simon Overdorff et ux. to Lena Spotts, Morrellville, $310.

E. C. Lorentz, administrator, to W. D. Gobert, Johnstown, $790.

Mary Cole et al. to South Fork Railroad Company, Adams, $100.

John M. Griffith et al. to Ebensburg & Blacklick Company, Jackson, $1.

Susan Shiber to Aloysius Shiber, Munster, $2,000.

Cambria Iron Company to John Fritz, Johnstown $1.

Cambria Iron Company to Penn Traffic Company, Johnstown, $24,500.

N. B. Griffith et ux. to David R. Williams, West Taylor, $3,000.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, May 23, 1895:

Geo. Stuby, Barr township, and Madge Flanagan, Pine township, Indiana county.

George E. Owens, Oberlin, O., and Hettie J. Driver, Glocester county, Va.

Murty J. Brady and Ada Mary Glenn, Johnstown.

Arthur G. Bennett and Mollie A. Edwards, Johnstown.

James Garrett and Catharine Farabaugh, Munster township.

Benj. F. Keifer and Amelia Nenstiel, Johnstown.

Samuel Warsing and Katie Stork, Rosedale.

Joseph A. Shoemaker and Margaret A. McCabe, Ebensburg.

Lucius F. Randolph and Joseph Aukerman, Johnstown.

William J. Hopple and Clara C. Dumm, Barr township.

W. L. McGaughey, Franklin county, Pa., and Amelia Shortencarrier, Ebensburg.

Michael Bennett and Amanda Hill, West Taylor township.

Charles Nagle, Cooperspale, and Maria Bos, Johnstown.

THE justices of the peace, elected last spring under the new fee bill, are entitled to charge five dollars for marrying a couple. The old justices fee bill is three dollars for the same service.

THE NEW TOWN OF

VINTONDALE.

Located at the Terminus of the Blacklick & Ebensburg R. R., Branch of the Penna. R. R.

One of the Most Prosperous and Substantial Mining Towns in Pennsylvania.

Situated on the Picturesque Blacklick Branch of the Conemaugh, Cambria Co., Pa.

Mountain Scenery.

Fine Views.

Graded Streets.

Healthy Climate.

Elegant Spring Water.

1,400 Feet Above Ocean Level.

Schools and Other Conveniences.

Daily Mail and Telegraph Office.

Come and chose a house at Vintondale.

No better place to live.

No better place to invest.

No better place to put your spare cash.

Splendid Lots for Homes and Business Purposes.

Liberal Inducements to Manufacturers.

Lots in all sizes to suit purchasers.

Discounts on cash sales.

Large Coal Mining Plant now in active operation—designed for an annual output of Five Hundred Thousand (500,000) Tons.

Houses built for and sold to workingmen and others.

Terms to suit purchasers.

Attractive Houses now finished.

Permanent Water Supply Secured.

Morning Trains Connect East and West with Penna. R. R. at Cresson. Visitors will be met by Agent on arrival at Vintondale and shown property.

LOTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS. COME TO VINTONDALE.

ADDRESS:

C. R. CLAGHORN, Supt.,
VINTONDALE, PA.

or

J. W. GRIFFITH, Real Estate Agent,
VINTONDALE, PA.

An Appreciated Penny.

Mr. James V. Scanlan, of No. 410 Lincoln street, has in his possession a large penny that he appreciates very highly. It was coined in the year 1818, the year his father—the late Henry Scanlan—of Carrolltown, was born, and it was given to the latter many years ago by Rev. Father Henry Lemke, who was the associate and successor of the celebrated Prince Gallitzin.

Mr. Scanlan, who had been county surveyor for many years, and who was serving his tenth term as a justice of the peace at the time of his death, suddenly expired in the Cresson station a short time ago, and since then the coin has been in possession of his son James, who had it plated with gold, and is now wearing it as a watch charm.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

Married.

MCGAUGHEY—SHORTENCARRIER.—Married at the residence of Rev. J. J. Hunt, of the M. E. church, Ebensburg, on Tuesday, May 21, 1895, Mr. William McGaughey, of Franklin county, Pa., and Miss Amelia Shortencarrier, of Ebensburg.

SHOEMAKER—MCCABE.—Married at the Church of the Holy Name in Ebensburg on Tuesday, May 21, 1895, by Rev. Father Deasy, Mr. Joseph Shoemaker and Miss Maggie McCabe, both of Ebensburg.

We extend our hearty congratulations to our young friends who are the subjects of the above notice. The groom is the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Shoemaker, of this place, and is an industrious, active young business man, while the bride, the second daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. Bart McCabe, is one of Ebensburg's most estimable and accomplished young ladies.

Report Against the Proposed County.

The commissioners appointed by the governor under the act of 1878, to survey and report on the proposed county of Grow, filed their report at Harrisburg on Monday. They find that there is not sufficient area in the proposed limits, measuring from the court house at Wilkesbarre or from the limits of that city, to form a new county and, therefore, make a recommendation against it. The area required is 400 square miles and they found about 322 square miles. The population was sufficient, being about 25,000. The expense of the commission approximates $3,000.

TRIAL LIST.
List of causes set down for trial Second week, June term, 1895:
Scheil vs. Hipps & Lloyd.
Smith vs. Trainor.
Arnholt vs. Westover.
Eckenrode vs. Chest Creek C. & C. Co.
Cover vs Horrocks.
Trial List —Third week, June term, 1895.
Orth vs. Haworth & Dewhurst.
Hopple vs. Eckenrode.
Kinports vs. Long.
Kinports vs Long.
Shoemaker vs. Good.
Blair vs. Good.
Spenger vs. City of Johnstown.
Giles vs. Gessler.
Klepser & Co. vs. Cresswell.
Use M'Garry vs. Miller.
M'Kay's Exr. vs. Groom et al.
Friday vs Kirby.
Davis vs. Krebbs.
Anderson vs. M'Donald et al.
Johnstown Driving Park Assn. vs. Adair.
Kistler vs. Felix.
Dunmire vs. Stambaugh.
Hastings vs. O Connor.
Shoemaker Admr. vs. Tri Co. Agrl. Assn.
Hammond vs. Jones.
Lilly Water Co. vs M'Cann et al.
Pittsburg Sadling Co., vs. Langbein.
King vs Holsopple.
Boggs & Buhl vs. Campbell et ux.
Bush vs. Condrin.

J. C. DARBY,
Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's office, May 10, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county and will be confirmed by said Court on MONDAY, JUNE 3RD, 1895, unless cause be shown to the contrary:

Account of Geo. W. Ludwig, Assignee of Emil C. Roth.

First and final account of Dr. G. E. Conrad, assignee of J. D. Rhodes et ux.

First and final account of Dr. G. E. Conrad, assignee of Gabriel Kline et ux.

J. C. DARBY,
Prothonotary.

May 17, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of Stephen A. Cooper praying for the transfer of the retail license granted by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria to E. Nerling, in Reade township, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court and will be presented to the same for its consideration on MONDAY, JUNE 3RD, 1895.

J. C. DARBY,
Clerk Q. S.

May 17, 1895.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

Miscellaneous Notices.

O. K. Churns for sale at § HUNTLEY'S.

A LOT Double Shovel Plows just received at § HUNTLEY'S.

A LOT Wing Shovel Plows just received at § HUNTLEY'S.

A FINE lot of Table Oil Cloths just received at § G. HUNTLEY'S.

ANOTHER lot of Bissel's Carpet Sweepers just arrived at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

A LARGE assortment of Garden Tools just received at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

A FEW bundles of Manilla Binding Twine, 5 cents a pound at Dufton's. may3.

A FINE assortment of White-wash, Paint and Varnish Brushes just received by G. HUNTLEY.

JUST received a lot of Steel Frame, 5 tooth Cultivators at HUNTLEY'S. ma 10 §

CALL and look at my Washing Machines. I have two of the best kind in the market. ma3† G. HUNTLEY.

A LARGE assortment of that celebrated Anti-Rusting Tinware—warranted not to rust for 5 years—just arriving at apr12.4t* G. HUNTLEY'S.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

A LARGE assortment of granite enamelled ware with another 20 per cent. reduction which makes it almost as cheap as tinware. Just received at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

DON'T forget I am headquarters for Base Balls and Bats, all kinds of Fishing Tackle, Lines, Hooks, Reels, Rods, Bait Boxes, Baskets, etc. * G. HUNTLEY.

CALL at Huntley's and buy a Tree Sprayer and Spray your fruit trees, thereby increasing your fruit crop enough to pay for the Sprayer three times over † G. HUNTLEY.

THE Ebensburg Marble and Granite Works are offering a reduction of 5 per cent on all work ordered before the 1st of May. This is done in order to avoid the rush for Decoration Day work.

TANGLEFOOT, TANGLEFOOT. The best Fly Paper in the market is Tanglefoot. Four sheets for 5 cents or ten sheets for 10 cents at HUNTLEY'S. may17

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

I HAVE the agency for the Eclipse Bicycle, acknowledged by all to be one of the best Bicycles on the market. $10 reduction on regular price will be given to the party giving me the first order this season. * G. HUNTLEY.

FOR SALE
The McDonald homestead, 14 rooms, with cellar. A fine summer residence. Apply to
DR. J. A. DOERNER,
may17 Cumberland, Md.

FARMERS.
Your attention is kindly called to the best hay carrier on the market and at a reasonable price. Call and see it at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in May, $1,000.00.
THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

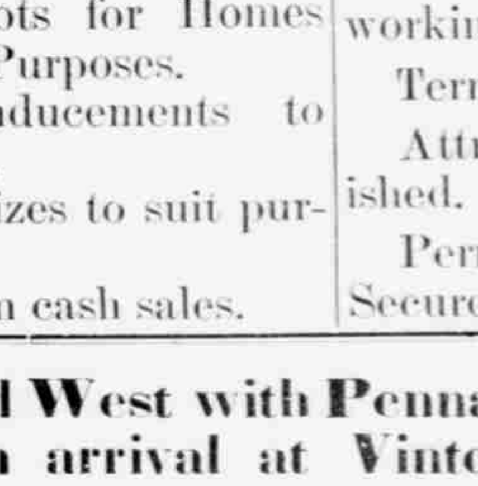
A LARGE assortment of Family Ready Mixed Paints, Paints for Farm Implements, Carriage Paints of all colors and shades, in ½ pint to 1 gallon cans. If you are going to paint your house call and look at my samples. I can save you money. * G. HUNTLEY.

FARMERS, you can get twenty cents per pound for wool at the store of W. A. B. Little, in Loretto, and twenty cents in that store is worth more to you than twenty-five cents in any other store in Cambria county, as we have five thousand dollars worth of goods to be sold within six months, and prices no object. ma 10 3t

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has leased the Ebensburg Electric Light plant from C. J. Blair, to take effect May 1st. All bills due from above date will be collected by the undersigned on the 1st of each month. All persons using electric light will please be prepared to pay for same on that date to the undersigned or one authorized to collect the same.
JAMES A. ROSS,
may3 3t. Manager.

FARMERS AND BUILDERS.
I have put in a car load of steel wire nails and fence wire before the advance which I will sell for a limited time at prices before the advance. As there will likely be another advance by the 1st of April, I would advise you to buy immediately what nails and wire you want for the coming season, thereby saving money by not paying the advance prices later on. A word to the wise is sufficient. GEO. HUNTLEY.

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.
Funeral Designs at Short Notice.
ADOLPH STAHL,
NO. 432 MAIN STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.
4.12 95.



There is a Reason

Why some Stoves and Ranges are better than others; good material, careful construction, and a knowledge of the wants of the housekeeper are all necessary to make the kitchen stove a success.

The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges

are made to meet every requirement; they are even bakers and perfect roasters.

Special attention is paid to cleanliness, economy and durability.

Made in all styles and sizes, with a view of suiting the most critical at a moderate cost.

"None Better—Few as Good."

☞ Sold by the following dealers: EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. [feb22.95]

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S**, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.
The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, and all others interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county for confirmation and allowance on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, A. D. 1895:

1. First and final account of Jerome Bowman, administrator of Frank P. Bowman, late of Woodvale, deceased.
2. First and final account of James K. Boyd, executor of Joshua C. Boyd, late of Johnstown, deceased.
3. First and partial account of Jane Lewis, administratrix of Thomas D. Lewis, late of Cambria township, deceased.
4. First and final account of William E. Coshun, executor of William Coshun, late of Johnstown, deceased.
5. Second and final account of John Foust, administrator of Samuel H. Miller, late of Blacklick township, deceased.
6. First and final account of James Kinney, guardian of minor children of James Daly, deceased.
7. First and final account Daniel J. Pringle, administrator of Mary Pringle, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
8. First and final account of George W. Cree, administrator of John A. Cree, late of Reade township, deceased.
9. First and final account of Joseph Hogue, executor of Mary Catharine Adams, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
10. First and partial account of Anthony Dietrich and George Dietrich, executors of the last will and testament of Philip J. Dietrich, late of Chest township, deceased.
11. First account of Aloysius Sheiber, executor of the last will and testament of Anthony Sheiber, late of Munster township, deceased.
12. Third and final account of Wm. M. Dodson, guardian of Joseph Fieldhouse, minor son of Joseph Fieldhouse, late of Millville borough, deceased.
13. First and partial account of Kittie Cobaugh, administratrix of Peter A. Cobaugh, late of Johnstown, deceased.
14. First and final account of F. P. Martin, administrator of Mary Conner, deceased.
15. First and final account of Benjamin L. Yeagly, guardian of Mary Alice Boyer, stated by Joseph H. Berlin, executor of Benjamin L. Yeagley, deceased.
16. First and final account of Benjamin L. Yeagley, guardian of Bruce H. Campbell, stated by Joseph H. Berlin, executor of Benjamin L. Yeagley, deceased.
17. First and final account of R. L. Rankin and Frank M. Coleman, executors of Margaret P. Coleman, late of Johnstown, deceased.
18. First and final account of Robert Sagerson administrator of Matilda Kough, late of Johnstown, deceased.
19. First and final account of David J. Shaffer, guardian of Harry Hildebrand, minor child of Hannah Hildebrand, late of Adams township, deceased.
20. Final account of Daniel Tantlinger, guardian of Blanche Tantlinger, minor child of Wm. Tantlinger, late of Johnstown, deceased.
21. Final account of Daniel Tantlinger, guardian of Daisy Tantlinger minor child of William Tantlinger, late of Johnstown, deceased.
22. First and final account of Ed. O. Fisher, administrator of Susan D. Lightner, late of Johnstown, deceased.
23. Second and final account of Anthony Kohler, guardian of Mary Frantz, minor child of Frank and Johanna Frantz, late of Cambria borough, deceased.
24. First and final account of P. F. McAnemy, administrator of Wm. L. McGrath, late of Johnstown, deceased.
25. The first account of Clara C. Dibert, administratrix of Walter J. Dibert, late of Johnstown, deceased.
26. First and final account of R. S. Murphy, administrator of W. Dick Shupe, late of Johnstown, deceased.
27. The first and final account of W. H. H. Robertson, guardian of Maggie, John and Lena Kuhn, minor children of Jacob H. Kuhn, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
28. The account of Michael P. Kearney, administrator C. T. A. of John Kearney, late of Munster township, deceased.
29. The account of Michael P. Kearney, administrator of Rose Kearney, late of Cresson township, deceased.
30. Second and final account of John Itel, administrator of Michael Braniff, late of Summerhill township, deceased.
31. First and final account of Ellie D. Settlemire, administratrix of Isaac H. Settlemire, late of Coopersdale, deceased.
32. First and partial account of Luke A. Byrne and Simon P. Lantry, executors of Amelia Byrne, late of Susquehanna township, deceased.
33. The second account of Peter Robine, Jr., guardian of George, Christopher and James Robine, minor children of Christopher Robine, Sr., and Elizabeth Robine, deceased.

DANIEL A. McGOUGH,
Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., May 10th, A. D. 1895.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENT.
Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of property appraised and set apart for widows of decedents under the Act of Assembly of the 4th of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office in and for the county of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county for confirmation and allowance on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, A. D. 1895:

1. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Jane Kelly, widow of John Kelly, late of Jackson township, deceased. $22 55
2. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Harriet Vivian, widow of James Vivian, late of South Fork, deceased.
3. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Margaret Roberts, widow of Owen W. Roberts, late of Summerhill township, deceased. $300 00.
4. Inventory and appraisement of personal property and real estate appraised and set apart to Susan E. Lohr, widow of Lowman L. Lohr, late of Johnstown, deceased. Personal property, $75 00; real estate, $225 00.
5. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Hannah Beers, widow of Mark G. Beers, late of Reade township, deceased. $148 30.
6. Inventory appraisement of personal property and real estate appraised and set apart to Mary E. Burkey, widow of John William Burkey, late of the borough of Patton, deceased. Personal property, $38 80; real estate, $230 00.
7. Inventory and appraisement of personal property appraised and set apart to Elizabeth M. Cover, widow of Benjamin F. Cover, late of Johnstown, deceased. $265.38

DANIEL A. McGOUGH,
Register.

Register's Office, Ebensburg, Pa., May 10, A. D. 1895.

STRAYED from the premises of Wasko Garnick, of Bensereek, Cambria county, on Saturday May 11, 1895, a bluish cow with white belly and large horns, about 5 years old. Anyone knowing of her whereabouts will be suitably rewarded by addressing
WASKO GARNICK,
Box 90, Myra P. O., Cambria Co., Pa.
May 17.3tX

NOTICE is hereby given that John R. Cordell has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county his petition asking for the transfer of the retail license granted by said Court to H. C. Beck at Patton borough and that the said petition will be presented to the said court for its consideration on MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1895.

J. C. DARBY,
Clerk Q. S.

Office of Clerk of Q. S., May 24, 1895.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Assembly Considering This and Other Subjects Today.

DELEGATES ARE VERY PEACEFUL.

The Re-Election of Briggs Adherents on the Board of Home Missions Demonstrates a Christian Spirit—A Big Appropriation Voted For the Board's Use.

PITTSBURG, May 22.—The Presbyterian general assembly today took up the reports of the boards for foreign missions, and for colleges and other reports.

One of the features which shows the Christian, conservative spirit of the present assembly, was the re-election of the old members of the board of home missions, although the prediction had been freely made that they would be turned down because supposed to be tainted with Briggsism. A big appropriation was also voted to carry on the work of the board.

John S. MacIntosh, chairman of the board on the church at home and abroad, presented his report before the assembly took up home missions. The committee reported that the magazine, "The Church at Home and Abroad," has an average circulation of 16,879 monthly, a loss of about 2,000 per month since last year. The financial deficiency for the year was $2,675.58. The report recommended the appointment of the committee, and that the assembly endorse the magazine. Dr. MacIntosh made a very short speech urging that there is a distinct field for this church publication. The report was adopted.

The Rev. George Norcross, D. D., of Carlisle, who read the report of the board of home missions, spoke of the trials of the missionaries in the west during the past year; how they required money more than ever before, and so appropriations could not be reduced. The deficit for the year 1894 is $107,000, and the accumulated and total debt of the board rolled up in the last few years is $364,850, a statement that brought a long, low whistle from some one in the rear of the church. "This is not, however, beyond the power of the church to redeem," the speaker said. He paid a compliment to the work of the ladies in the mission field, and added: "By God's help we are not going to give this land to the pope or the devil."

The report recommended the reappointment of the Revs. Thomas S. Hastings, Charles L. Thompson, James S. Ramsay and Elders John Crosby Brown, Walter M. Aikman and Robert Henderson. It also recommended that the assembly appropriate to the board $1,250,000 as the least amount on which the work can be carried on during the year; also, that a day be set apart—the first Sabbath of June—when offerings will be received all over the country to wipe out the debts of the board.

A financial report was read, which showed that the total cost of the new building in New York is likely to be $1,150,000, or $100,000 less than the first estimated cost; that the assets are placed at $1,050,000, thus leaving a shortage of $634,000, on which interest has to be paid. The committee expects to have a net income of $96,450 when the building is occupied, as the rentals are expected to raise $100,000, of which there are now tenants paying $19,600. One interested listener to this report was Dr. John Hall, LL. D., of the Fifth Avenue church, New York, who will preside at the popular meeting on home missions tonight.

Before the vote was taken, Dr. William C. Roberts, secretary of the board, made an address, in which he explained that the times were responsible for the debt. "It is larger than ever presented before to the general assembly. It is crushing, crippling. Think of it—$365,000!" The debt is not because the men on the board did not attend to their duties; it is the accumulation of five years. The demands of the country are beyond the liberality of the church. Our great debt has compelled us to pay $16,000 in interest, and we ought to arrange so that contributions need not go for that purpose.

Dr. Roberts closed with a telling peroration that caused a hearty outburst of applause. Scarcely had it subsided when it burst forth again as Dr. John Hall, LL. D., president of the board of home missions, came forward to speak. He said: "We have had ecclesiastical troubles in New York and in the vicinity, but they have never intruded into our board meetings. These meetings have been harmonious and without partisan spirit, and it would be keenly felt if any of the present members were not retained."

George E. Sterry, from New York, got up, before the motion for the adoption of the report, and said: "It is with great hesitation I get up to say what I have in my mind. But we in New York have heard that there are churches in the west that will not contribute to the board of home mission on account of the personality of the board." Loud cries arose of "What church?" "Where?" etc. Mr. Sterry refused to be coerced and, urged on by cries to the contrary, refused to answer these questions. Ultimately the vice moderator had to call the house severely to order, saying: "No matter what we think we can vote as we wish." Mr. Sterry moved that the nominations be referred back to the standing committee so that the presbytery of New York may lay some inside information before the standing committee.

Mr. Thomas G. Rich of Stamford, Conn., moved that the members be retained on the board of home missions.

The motion to recommit these names to the standing committee was laid upon the table. A rising vote was taken and the first resolution of the committee was carried unanimously. The other 13 resolutions, including that one committing the church to spend $1,250,000 on home missions, were carried by overwhelming majorities.

The report was carried as a whole with one very trivial amendment making the first Sunday in July the day for collections.

The committee on bills and overtures, through Chairman Mutchmore, presented several important matters. An overture from the Winona presbytery requesting that the use of the individual cup at communion be approved, created some surprise. The reply given was most emphatic, that the church could see no semblance of reason for making a change in the sacred custom of administering the Lord's Supper, and severely condemned the overture, which action the committee suggested.

The Denver presbytery in an overture wanted to know whether or not the Presbyterian church should recognize the Salvation Army. The assembly recognizing the attitude that has been maintained, answered, that as the Salvationists do not claim that their organization is a church, no action was deemed requisite.

The West Chester presbytery made a request that the per capita tax for assembly expenses be reduced from 7 to 6 cents. This was refused, as the present tax is regarded as not more than adequate.

The board of ministerial relief made its report. The number enrolled under its care is 785. Of these 310 are ministers and 419 are widows of ministers. The board is limited in its annual appropriation to $300 to each family. At the Ministers' house, at Perth Amboy, N. J., 22 have been provided for. Last year's expenditures were $178,140.35. There was a deficit of $6,526.81 in the year's operations. The report was accepted. The chairman made an earnest appeal for better support from the churches for the ministerial relief fund. The 60 churches of the Pittsburg presbytery gave $3,568.34 to the fund last year, and those in the Allegheny presbytery $837.12.

The report of the board of freedmen followed, it being presented by Rev. Dr. Blackburn. The receipts for the year were $173,050.16, and the expenses $162,704.10. The present debt is $22,351.56. An appropriation of $250,000 is asked from the assembly. Dr. Blackburn made an appeal for increased contributions.

NO APPORTIONMENT.

Some Bills Killed Outright and Others Reconsidered—Legislative Matters.

HARRISBURG, May 22.—The house refused to pass its own apportionment bills.

The killing of these bills was a great surprise to Governor Hastings. He has insisted on a new apportionment since the opening of the session and believed it would be accomplished because of the overwhelming Republican majority in the senate and house. Some legislators believe the governor will call an extra session for the consideration of apportionment bills if the legislature does not reconsider its action. This belief, however, is not general. The chances are the governor will have no more to say on this question.

The defeat of the bills was also a surprise to those members not familiar with the political movements of the state capitol. Orders were issued on Monday evening to kill all the apportionment bills. The friends of David Martin and Senator Porter voted for the bill and admit that the failure to pass them is a knockout for their leaders.

The congressional apportionment bill was taken up by the house at the opening of the session and defeated by a vote of 78 to 89. The senatorial apportionment bill was taken up next. Before the vote was taken Mr. Miles took the floor and made an eloquent plea for its passage. He deplored the defeat of the congressional apportionment and charged that the failures to carry out the mandates of the constitution in this respect before were due to the Democrats.

Mr. Niles said the Republicans now controlled both branches of the legislature and this excuse could not now be given. He appealed to his colleagues to pass the bills and not allow the senate to throw the odium of their defeat upon the house.

Chairman Lawrence of the congressional apportionment committee was amazed at the defeat of the congressional apportionment bill. He declared the change of sentiment of the members was due evidently to some insidious and impenetrable influence.

Mr. Colling (Lycoming) made a strong speech in urging the necessity of the passage of these measures. He said it was the plain mandate of the constitution that the legislature should apportion the state into congressional, senatorial and legislative districts, and appealed to his party associates to perform this manifest duty. Local differences should be set aside, and the Republican party should rise to the responsibility. Mr. Collins contended it was the overwhelming sentiment of the people and the press of the state that it should be done and that it was imperatively demanded.

Senator Walton called up the judicial apportionment bill on third reading. After a hard fight it was defeated by a vote of 19 to 14. The vote was reconsidered, and the bill was postponed. This means its defeat. The senate also recommitted its congressional bill. It will likely stay in committee.

The senate passed these bills finally, and they went to the governor for his consideration: Prohibiting the giving and raising a false alarm of fire; providing for the divestiture of liens of taxes levied against lands sold at judicial sales; limiting the duration of liens of taxes against real estate; authorizing county commissioners to appoint a county solicitor and fix his compensation; extending the provisions of the act relating to estates held for corporate, religious and charitable uses to dispositions of the property made prior to the passage of said act. The house bill to encourage the use of wide tires on wagons was passed as amended and sent back to the house for concurrence.

The house bill authorizing the reelection of chief burgesses was defeated.

The Monongahela county bill was postponed for the present.

Bills on third reading were in order and before adjournment a number of apportionment bills passed second reading. The congressional apportionment bill, introduced from the senate committee, was held over, a noticeable action in connection with the radical change of sentiment in the house. The Woods waterworks bill was on the calendar, but not called up. Mr. Cotton's bill requiring the filing of plans of lots passed finally, as did the bill abolishing days of grace on promissory notes. The amendment to the law creating the banking department also passed. Senator Flinn's amended bill to regulate plumbing passed and went to the house for concurrence.

Senator McCarrell's bill, granting certain powers to water companies developing electric power, was defeated without a word of comment. The quarantine bill of the port of Philadelphia was amended. Several appropriation bills received attention and went to the third reading calendar.

The senate completed the work of slaughtering apportionment bills by defeating the judicial apportionment bill of final passage by a vote of 19 to 14.

The Smith religious garb bill was defeated in the senate on third reading. Later the vote was reconsidered. It was the close of the session and the opponents of the measure took advantage of the absence of the friends of the bill.

Fifty Persons Perished.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—There have been several fresh fires of a serious nature in various parts of the provinces. In the town of Kobneden 200 houses have been destroyed by fire and in the village of Rushany 250 houses have been burned. During these conflagrations a total of 50 persons were killed and very many more were injured.

Killed by the Frost.

DETROIT, May 22.—Dispatches from Western Michigan declare that the destruction of grapes, strawberries and tender vegetables was almost wholly completed in many sections by Monday night's frost, and the damage to farmers and fruit growers has become enormous.

Done With the Wilde Family.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Mrs. Frank Leslie repudiates the alleged interview in which she is reported as being about to leave for Europe to visit Lady Wilde, to condole with her in her family troubles. Mrs. Leslie says that she severed her connections with the Wilde family more than two years ago.

Thurston No Longer Minister.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The official service of Lorin L. Thurston as Hawaiian minister to the United States, closed when Mr. Frank P. Hastings presented to the state department his credentials, which had just been received as charge d'affaires.

PITH OF THE NEWS

The Michigan senate passed the Smalley capital punishment bill by a vote of 19 yeas and 12 nays.

Thomas McLaren, the murderer of Mrs. Jennie Knittle, his mistress, at Jersey City, has been sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment.

Mrs. Bullitt, the richest woman in Kentucky, has secured an absolute divorce, at Louisville, from her husband, Colonel Bullitt.

The negroes of Charleston, S. C., held a thanksgiving service on account of Judge Goff's decision declaring the registration law unconstitutional.

Judge McAdam, in the superior court, special term, in New York, granted an order for the appointment of a temporary receiver for the New York Bowery Fire Insurance company and a temporary injunction restraining the directors from further interfering with the management of the company.

SOONERS THERE FIRST

Got the Choice of Yankton Reservation Lands.

THE OPENING VERY ORDERLY.

One of the Most Peaceful That Has Ever Occurred In the West—The Crowd Comparatively Small—Much Valuable Land Yet Remains Vacant.

ARMOUR, S. D., May 22.—The opening of the Yankton reservation was not characterized by the formality and discipline heretofore attending the opening of vast bodies of Indian land. The fact that sooners were not prevented from going upon the land prior to the hour when lawful settlement could be made, rendered the settlement of this reservation a sort of free-for-all.

In addition to those who had taken possession of claims during the past few weeks, other sooners had been quietly going upon the reservation during the 24 hours before the opening, while scores awaited the hour when the reservation was declared lawfully opened. Today the newly-opened land is dotted with the shanties of homesteaders, and preliminary steps toward the cultivation of land have been commenced. The opening was without conflicts of a serious nature and was without question, in this particular, the most orderly opening of Indian lands that ever took place in the west.

While the number of homesteaders who have taken land on the reservation is very gratifying the magnitude of the crowd was not up to expectations. Among people living in the vicinity of the reservation the reason given for this is that too short a notice was given in the president's proclamation and that landseekers who did not read the daily papers were not aware that the reservation was to be opened. The land is really valuable and what remains vacant will be rapidly taken.

FULL OF SOONERS.

They Have Selected Choice Lands In the Kickapoo Country.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., May 22.—The Kickapoo country, which will be opened to white settlement tomorrow at noon, is full of sooners and more are going in constantly. These men are very bold in their stand, and there can be no doubt that the move will be practiced on all sides.

The people of Chandler and Tecumseh, who several times during the past two months were fooled by couriers riding into the town with the announcement that the Kickapoo country was open to settlement, and who rushed pellmell into the reservation and staked off claims, have discovered that an organization of the old Kickapoo boomers, who have been camped on the line for years, have all of their names, the date of their runs, and the location of the claim each one staked, to be used in proving them sooners, and the false alarms were a little scheme of the old timers to shut off much competition in the real opening. There is much bad feeling over the matter and there may be trouble between the two factions on tomorrow.

THE AMALGAMATED CONVENTION.

Delegates Welcomed by the Mayor of Cleveland—Porter Speaks.

CLEVELAND, May 22.—Mayor McKisson welcomed the delegates to the twelfth annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steelworkers today. Hon. Robert E. Porter also made an address.

Among the rules adopted to govern the convention was one which provides that any delegate other than the secretary, upon being convicted of giving out information concerning the work of the convention to the newspapers, shall be liable to expulsion.

President Garland appointed committees on iron wage, steel wage, president and officers, constitution and general laws, auditing, ways and means and appropriations, good of order, grievances claims and appeals, secret work and mileage.

Situation Critical In Seoul.

YOKOHAMA, May 22.—Advices received here from Seoul, the capital of Korea, say that the situation there is critical. The premier has resigned and the minister of the interior has applied to the representatives of the foreign powers for assistance. The residences of the late regent and the king's father, who is also the leader of the anti-Japanese party, are surrounded by police, and all entrance to or exit from their dwellings is forbidden.

Young Griffo Under Arrest.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—Albert Griffith, more familiarly known as Young Griffo, the pugilist, has been arrested in this city on a fugitive warrant sworn out by Detective James Tate. Griffo is wanted in New York city to answer charges of a serious nature which are preferred by the Geary society. He was committed to prison without bail to await requisition papers from New York.

Income Tax Collectors Fired.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Commissioner Miller of the internal revenue bureau has sent the following telegram to all collectors of customs: "Dispense with the services of all persons employed under allowances made for the income tax work at the close of business on the 25th inst., reporting at once the number discontinued and salary and expense allowance to each."

A MINERS' CONVENTION.

It Is Called to Meet In Cleveland on May 29.

COLUMBUS, May 22.—A national convention of miners will be held here May 29, a call having been signed to that effect.

The call was made at the request of the Ohio mine officials and is to embrace Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Local unions and local assemblies are entitled to one vote for each 100 members or the majority fraction thereof.

Operators here say they do not believe Pittsburg or West Virginia will be represented by operators in the convention. They predict failure of settlement on that account. They state that "The Lake Shore road is getting 300 cars of coal per day from Pittsburg, which shows that the miners are not able to control their own men."

Situation Unchanged at Pocahontas.

POCAHONTAS, Va., May 22.—The conditions here are unchanged. Private Fields, who was struck with a stone, is not badly hurt, and the negro who struck him has been arrested. All the white miners who were arrested have been released. The Richmond militia company left for home this morning, and will be supplanted by the Portsmouth company. The council and board of trade here have asked Governor O'Farrell to suspend picket guard on the 23d, as the town and county officials are elected on that day.

An Ex-Bank President Arrested.

LOS ANGELES, May 22.—Charles W. England, an attorney of this city, has been arrested by Deputy Sheriff Eagle of Tonoka, Ark. England was once president of a bank at Lanabee, near Little Rock, and is charged with embezzlement of county funds to the extent of $7,000. England says that his arrest is the result of spite work.

Composer Von Suppe Dead.

VIENNA, May 22.—Franz Von Suppe, the musical composer, is dead.

JOSE MARTI KILLED.

President of the Cuban Revolutionary Party Dies In Battle.

HAVANA, May 22.—An engagement disastrous to the rebels has been fought in Eastern Cuba, in which Jose Marti, who was proclaimed president of the Revolutionary party, was killed and his dead body positively identified. Colonel Salcedo received positive information that a band of insurgents under the command of the well-known leaders, Jose Marti, Maximo Gomez, Maceo and Barrero, had taken up a line of march to pass the River Neuto, thence to proceed in the direction of Victoria de Las Tunas, with the design of marching upon Puerto Principe. Colonel Salcedo, confident of the accuracy of his information, dispatched Colonel Sandoval, with a detachment of troops, to march in pursuit of the rebel band. He captured their camp after a hard fight.

JOSE MARTI.

Of the rebels, 20 were killed and many of their number wounded were left in the camp when they took flight. The Spaniards lost five killed and seven wounded in the engagement. The political effect of this event is discouraging to the cause of the insurgents.

A Big Strike Impending.

NEW YORK, May 22.—What promises to be the biggest strike ever known in the garmentmaking industry in this city is impending over the question of the weekly wage system. The operatives demand that the manufacturers and contractors renew the existing agreement with the Brotherhood of Tailors and grant the weekly work system to other garmentworkers' organizations. Demands will also be made for an increase of wages in some instances. The strike is not likely to be ordered, if it shall be ordered, before Sept. 15.

Lenz's Murderers Known.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 22.—Advices received here from Armenia saying that the names of five Kurds, who are said to be the murderers of Frank G. Lenz of Pittsburg, who was killed while attempting to ride around the world on a bicycle, are known. It is announced that William A. Sachtleben, who has gone in search of the missing bicyclist in the hope of recovering his body or obtaining definite information as to the cause of his disappearance, has arrived at Erzeroum.

Smallpox at Meridian, Miss.

JACKSON, Miss., May 22.—It is learned from passengers arriving here from Meridian that 30 new cases of smallpox have appeared there. The cases have been isolated and removed a short distance from the city.

Loses His Seat In the Commons.

LONDON, May 22.—After hearing the report of the special committee appointed to inquire into the claim made by the Earl of Selborne to retain his seat in the house of commons, although he had succeeded to the peerage and the house of lords by the death of his father, the house of commons agreed to the ministerial motion to issue a new writ for an election in West Edinburgh, the seat represented by Viscount Wolmer, now earl of Selborne. The committee simply reported that Viscount Wolmer had succeeded to the earldom.

La Gascogne Overdue Again.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 22.—Nothing has been heard here of La Gascogne. Mariners think possibly she is delayed by the ice, or maybe has struck a floating iceberg. She is overdue several days.

Delegates Go Uninstructed.

LACON, Ills., May 22.—The Marshall County Democratic convention has met and selected delegates to the state silver convention. They go uninstructed four silver men and two gold men.

Gail Hamilton Sinking.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Miss Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton) is slowly sinking.

Congressman Cogswell Dead.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Congressman Cogswell of Massachusetts is dead.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, May 21.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 76@77c; No. 2 red, 74@75c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 59@60c; No. 2 yellow shelled, 58@58½c; mixed ear, 55@56c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 37@37½c; No. 2 do, 36½@36¾c; extra No. 3 white, 35@35½c; mixed, 34@34½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $12.00@12.25; No. 2 timothy, $11.00@11.50; mixed clover and timothy, $10.50@11.00; packing, $10.00@10.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $10.00@10.50; wagon hay, $17.00@18.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 21@22c; Ohio fancy creamery, 17@19c; fancy country, roll, 14@15c; low grades and cooking, 9@10c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, 8@9c; do new, 7½@8c; New York, fall make, 10c; limberger, fall make, 10@11c; Wisconsin Swiss, 13@13½c; Ohio Swiss, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio in cases, 12½@13c; ½@1c more for candled.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 65@70c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@60c; ducks, 60@65c per pair, as to size; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; turkeys, 14@15c per pound; ducks, 14@15c per pound; live turkeys, 9@10c per pound; live geese, 75@80c per pair.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., May 21.

CATTLE—Receipts fair this week and the quality of stock much better. The demand is steady and the market is strong at the following prices: Prime, $5.75@6.10; good, $5.10@5.40; good butchers', $4.70@5.00; rough fat, $3.50@4.00; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.60; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@35.00.

HOGS—Receipts very light today and the demand is steady with an active market; market is a shade stronger than yesterday, at following prices: Philadelphias, $4.75@4.80; mixed and best Yorkers, $4.65@4.70; common to fair Yorkers, $4.50@4.60; roughs, $3.00@4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply is light to today and the demand is steady, while the market is strong at following prices: We quote market as follows: Extra, $4.10@4.30; good, $3.80@4.00; fair, $3.20@3.60; common, $1.50@2.50; best lambs, $5.15@5.40; good lambs, $4.50@5.00; common to fair lambs, $2.50@3.90; veal calves, $5.50@5.75; heavy and thin calves, $2.50@3.50; spring lambs, $4.00@6.50.

CINCINNATI, May 21.

HOGS—Market active at $4.15@4.80; receipts, 2,700 head; shipments, 1,500 head.

CATTLE—Market strong at $2.75@5.50; receipts, 600 head; shipments, 500 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, market stronger at $2.50@4.40; receipts, 300 head; shipments, 800 head. Lambs, market firm at $4.00@6.25.

NEW YORK, May 21.

WHEAT—Spot market irregular. No. 2 red store and elevator, 75¼c; afloat 76⅝c; f. o. b., 77c afloat; No. 1 hard, 81¾c delivered.

CORN—Spot market firm. No. 2, 58⅜c; elevator; 59@59¼c afloat; steamer mixed, 57 1-16c.

OATS—Spot market weaker. No. 2, 32@32¼c; No. 2 delivered, 33@33¼c; No. 3, 31c; No. 2 white, 37c; No. 3 white, 36¾c; track white, 38@42c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 11@12c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@10c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep very firm; spring lambs quiet but steady. Clipped sheep, fair to good, $4.37½@4.75; choice Virginia lambs, $7.75.

HOGS—Market steady at $4.50@5.00 for inferior to choice.

WILBER'S.

COME IN.

We desire this week to call the attention of the public to our line of

SHOES.

We have an ample stock of Leather Goods on hands as you know, and more coming, and you can buy as good Shoes as ever. In fact, we have just opened a fine line of Ladies' and Gents' Shoes that we consider the best bargains yet.

To appreciate our new stock it is necessary to see it. Look at our prices:

Women's fine Dongola button, patent tip, a regular $1.50 shoe, $1.00.

Women's fine Dongola lace, patent tip, a great bargain, $1.25.

Women's fine Dongola, an elegant shoe, well made, looks stylish, all sizes, sold everywhere at $2.00, $1.50.

Women's fine Dongola kid, all sizes, a fine dress shoe, $1.75.

Women's fine kid, in all styles and prices, usually sold at $2.50, $2.00.

Women's fine kid, hand-sewed, now selling at $2.50.

Men's veal calf, both lace and congress, made up to sell at $2.00, $1.25.

Men's lace and congress shoes, latest styles, a great bargain, $1.50.

Men's fine Dongola, lace and congress, all sizes, $1.95.

Men's Vica Kid, lace and congress, all sizes, $2.00.

Men's fine Kangaroo shoes in all styles and sizes, $2.50.

☞Our line of Boys' Shoes at $1.00 and Ladies' Oxford Ties at 75 cents can't be beat. See them.

J. B. WILBER,
EBENSBURG.

NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG.
Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.
Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Agricultural Implements.
H. A. SHOEMAKER.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
mar2-20ly

F. X. FEES'
Shaving Parlor,
Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.
F. X. FEES.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE
First National Bank
OF PATTON.
PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.
Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
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OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be
MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
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ASK YOUR HORSESHOER FOR THE NEVERSLIP
THE ONLY SHOE FOR WINTER USE.

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.

Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,
Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.

On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

1794. 1895.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

Mountain House
STAR SHAVING PARLOR
CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.
☞Ladies waited on at their residences.
JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor

GINSENG
WANTED BY
SAM'L WELLS & CO.,
67 VINE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
LARGEST EXPORTERS OF GINSENG IN THE U. S.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, quick sales, SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. Scott, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

ROYAL BARGAINS

For the Spring of 1895 Now Open and Ready for the Lucky Purchasers.

Our new stock ranks first in importance. Important because of low quality; because of splendid assortment; because of low prices; because of latest styles. A grand combination of circumstances to

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

In no previous season have we been able to collect an assortment so well adapted to the wants and requirements of the people of Cambria county as we now offer in our seasonable stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, etc., selected expressly for you and each article marked at a price you can afford to pay. Let us show what the full measure of bargain-giving means.

We offer all-wool Clay Worsted Suits in Cutaway, Round or Square Cut Sack at $7.50 per Suit.

All-wool Black and Blue Cheviot Suits at $5.00 per Suit.

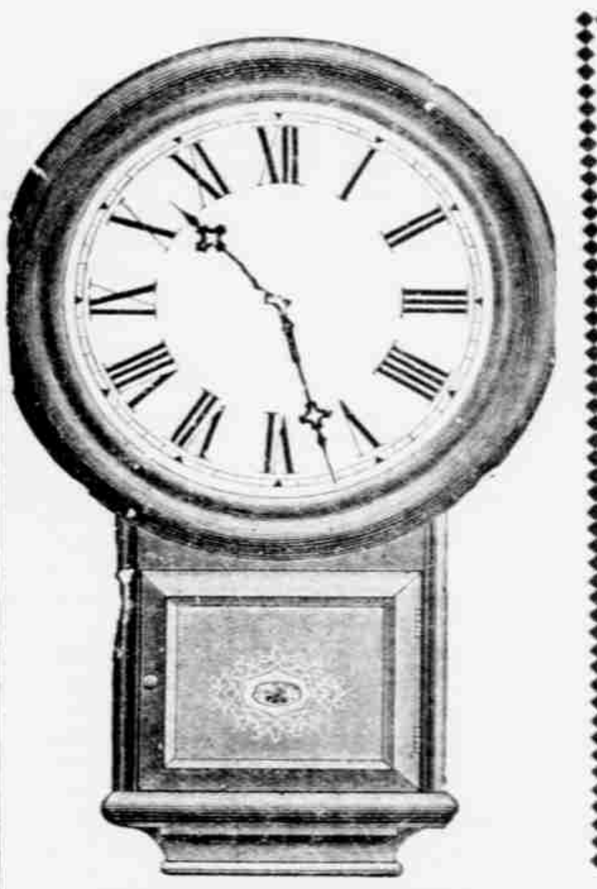
Black and Blue Cheviot Suits, warranted all-wool and fast color, either single or double Suits at $6.50 per Suit.

Fine all-wool Black Clay Suits, single or double-breasted, and D[illegible] Frocks, Silk-lined all through at $10.00 per Suit.

G. A. R. Blue Flannel Suits, single or double-breast, all wool and [illegible] indigo dye, at $7.50 per Suit. Boys' Knee Suits from 75 cents up to [illegible] Youths' Suits, 15 to 19 years of age, from $2.50 to $10.00 per Suit. Childrens' Wash Suits from 50 cents up. Knee Pants from 25 cents to [illegible] Every article bears the stamp of reliability. Inspect our stock [illegible] and learn the prices. You will not be disappointed. The question will [illegible] in your mind: How can such fine goods be sold for so little money? Don't fail to see our splendid assortment and to take advantage of the inducements offered.

MULLEN,
THE CLOTHIER.
LILLY, PA.

CARL RIVINIUS,
—PRACTICAL—
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
—AND—
OPTICAL GOODS.
SOLE AGENT FOR THE
CELEBRATED ROCKFORD
WATCHES.
Columbia and Fredonia Watches
In Key and Stem Winders.
LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.
☞My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.
☞All work guaranteed.
CARL RIVINIUS

FARMERS!
TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

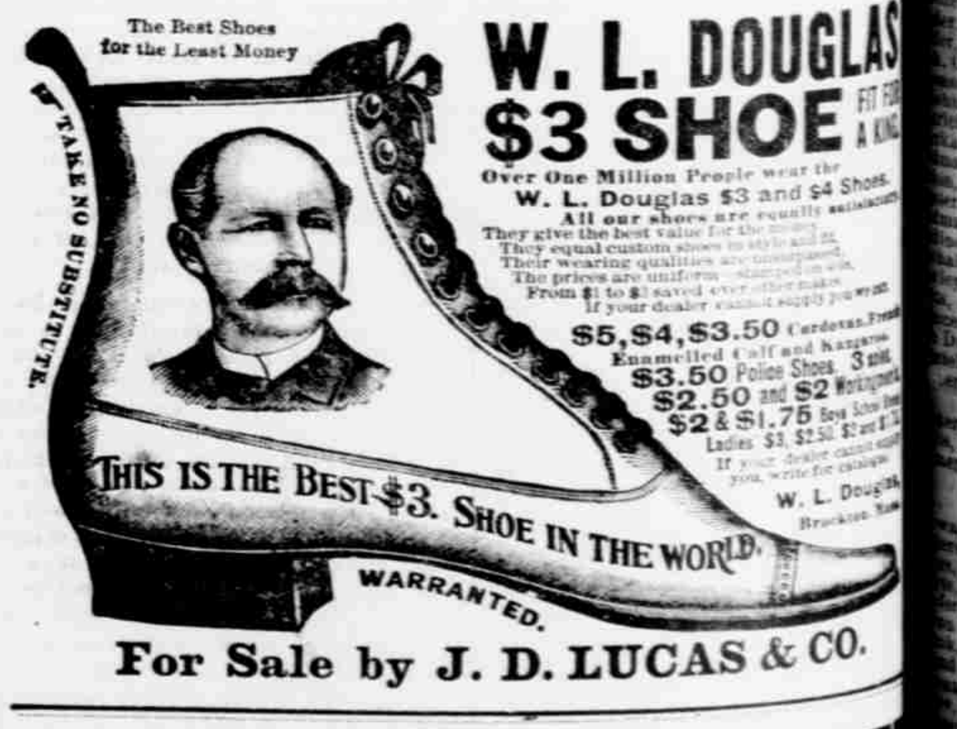
FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.


The Best Shoes for the Least Money
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
WARRANTED.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FIT FOR A KING.
Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 and $4 Shoes.
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.
$5, $4, $3.50 Cordovan, French Enamelled Calf and Kangaroo.
$3.50 Police Shoes, 3 soles.
$2.50 and $2 Workingmen's.
$2 & $1.75 Boys' School Shoes.
Ladies' $3, $2.50, $2 and $1.75.
If your dealer cannot supply you, write for catalogue.
W. L. Douglas,
Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by J. D. LUCAS & CO.

DENTISTRY
In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Automatic Suction Cavities, Aluminum Plates, Crowns and Bridges.
Teeth Extracted Absolutely Without Pain by using Prof. May's E. R.
☞Eighteen years' experience. First Class Work Done at the Most Reasonable Rates. All Work Warranted.
☞Terms Strictly Cash.

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